

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
FIFTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND
FOR PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

PROBATE DIVISION

CASE NO.: 502014CP002815XXXXSB (IY)

OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY
OF DELAWARE, in its capacity as
Resigned Trustee of the Simon Bernstein
Irrevocable Trusts created for the benefit
of Joshua, Jake and Daniel Bernstein,

Petitioner,

vs.

ELIOT AND CANDICE BERNSTEIN,
in their capacity as parents and natural
guardians of JOSHUA, JAKE AND
DANIEL BERNSTEIN, minors,

Respondents.

**OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY OF DELAWARE'S MOTION FOR
SUMMARY JUDGMENT AS TO COUNT I OF ITS PETITION**

Petitioner, OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY OF DELAWARE (“Oppenheimer”),
as the resigned trustee of three irrevocable trusts created by Simon Bernstein for the benefit of
his grandchildren, Joshua, Jake and Daniel Bernstein, moves for summary judgment as to
Count I of its Petition, and in support hereof, submits the following memorandum of law:

I. NATURE OF COUNT I

On May 26, 2014, Oppenheimer resigned as Trustee of three irrevocable trusts created
by the late Simon Bernstein for the benefit of his grandchildren, Joshua, Jake and Daniel
Bernstein on September 7, 2006 (the “Grandchildren Trusts”). In Count I of its Petition,

Oppenheimer seeks instructions as to where to deliver the trust property now that it has resigned.

The material facts supporting Oppenheimer's claim under Count I are simple and incontrovertible: (i) Oppenheimer resigned as Trustee (as the Grandchildren Trusts and the Florida Trust Code permit as a matter of right); (ii) there is no successor trustee to whom Oppenheimer can deliver the trust property; and (iii) the Court has the authority and duty to either appoint a successor trustee to receive the trust property, or terminate the Grandchildren Trusts and deliver their assets to the minor beneficiaries, through their natural guardians or a guardian of the property.

In their Answer to the Petition, Eliot And Candice Bernstein, as the parents and natural guardians of Joshua, Jake And Daniel Bernstein, state that they are "without knowledge" as to the material allegations of Count I, and raise no affirmative defenses to Count I. Because there are no genuine issues of material fact concerning Oppenheimer's resignation or its right to obtain directions regarding the delivery of trust property to a successor, summary judgment as to Count I should be granted.

II. UNDISPUTED MATERIAL FACTS

1. Joshua, Jake and Daniel Bernstein, all minors, are the sole beneficiaries of the Grandchildren Trusts, copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibits "A" through "C."

A. Oppenheimer's Appointment As Successor Trustee

2. In 2010, following the resignation/removal of prior trustees of the Grandchildren Trusts, Eliot and Candice Bernstein, as the parents and natural guardians of Joshua, Jake and Daniel Bernstein, filed *Petitions to Appoint Successor Trustee* for each of the Grandchildren Trusts in Palm Beach County Circuit Court, Case Nos. 502010CP003123XXXXSB, 502010CP003125XXXXSB and 502010CP003128XXXXSB. Copies of the dockets for these

cases are attached hereto as Exhibits “D” through “F.” Oppenheimer requests that the Court take judicial notice of the dockets pursuant to §§ 90.201(1), 90.202(6) and/or 90.202(12), Florida Statutes.

3. On July 8, 2010, the Honorable Martin H. Colin entered *Final Orders on Petition to Appoint Successor Trustee*, appointing Oppenheimer Trust Company as the successor trustee of each of the Grandchildren Trusts. Copies of those Orders are attached hereto as Composite Exhibits “G” through “I.” Oppenheimer requests that the Court take judicial notice of the Final Orders pursuant to §§ 90.201(1) and/or 90.202(6), Florida Statutes.¹

4. On July 30, 2010, Oppenheimer Trust Company accepted the Court’s appointments and began serving as Trustee of the Grandchildren Trusts. *See Exhibit K (the Affidavit of Oppenheimer representative Hunt Worth authenticating the three “Acceptance” documents signed by him on July 30, 2010).*²

B. Oppenheimer’s Resignation As Trustee

5. On April 22, 2014 Oppenheimer gave notice that it was resigning as trustee as a matter of right. *See Exhibit “M” (Oppenheimer’s April 22, 2014 “Notice of Resignation”).* The resignation became effective on May 26, 2014 pursuant to the terms of the Grandchildren Trusts, the Florida Trust Code and the Notice of Resignation.

¹ Eliot and Candice Bernstein intend to dispute whether OPPENHEIMER was properly appointed as the “legal Trustee” of the Grandchildren Trusts (thus capable of now passing control of the Grandchildren Trusts to another). *See Exhibit “J”* (particularly, the e-mail from Eliot Bernstein sent on August 25, 2014 at 10:21 AM). However, OPPENHEIMER’s status as the “legal Trustee” has already been determined by this Court in 2010. The Bernsteins, who were parties to the 2010 proceedings, are barred from re-litigating that issue here.

² “Oppenheimer Trust Company” was merged into “Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware” effective December 20, 2103. *See Exhibit “L.”* Oppenheimer requests that the Court take judicial notice of the information contained in Exhibit “L” pursuant to §§ 90.202(5), 90.202(12) and/or 90.202(13), Florida Statutes.

C. The Present Lack Of A Trustee

6. In the Notice of Resignation, Oppenheimer advised the beneficiaries, through their parents, Eliot and Candice Bernstein, of their right and obligation to appoint a successor trustee. They have not done so.

7. Other than the limited “resigned trustee” role Oppenheimer continues to have pursuant to § 736.0707, Florida Statutes, the Grandchildren Trusts are without a trustee.

III. ARGUMENT

8. The Trusts provide, in relevant part, as follows:

5.2 Resignation. Any Trustee may resign by giving 30 days' written notice delivered personally or by mail to any then serving Co-Trustee and to the Settlor if he is then living and not disabled; otherwise to the next named successor Trustee, or if none, to the persons having power to appoint successor Trustees.

5.3 Power to Name Other Trustees. Whenever a successor Trustee is required and that position is not filled under the terms specified in this Trust Agreement, an individual Trustee ceasing to serve (other than a Trustee being removed) may appoint his or her successor, but if none is appointed, the remaining Trustees, if any, or the beneficiary shall appoint a successor Corporate Trustee. The appointment will be by a written document (including a testamentary instrument) delivered to the appointed Trustee. In no event may the Settlor ever be appointed as the Trustee under this Trust Agreement nor shall a Successor trustee be appointed that will cause this trust to be a grantor trust.

9. Similarly, Fla. Stat. § 736.0705, entitled “Resignation of trustee,” provides, in relevant part, as follows:

(1) A trustee may resign:

(a) Upon at least 30 days' notice to the qualified beneficiaries, the settlor, if living, and all cotrustees...

10. Fla. Stat. § 736.0704, entitled “Vacancy in trusteeship; appointment of successor,” provides, in relevant part, as follows:

(3) A vacancy in a trusteeship of a noncharitable trust that is required to be filled must be filled in the following order of priority:

(a) By a person named or designated pursuant to the terms of the trust to act as successor trustee.

(b) By a person appointed by unanimous agreement of the qualified beneficiaries.

(c) By a person appointed by the court.

11. Finally, Fla. Stat. § 736.0707 requires a resigned trustee to deliver trust property to a successor trustee or other person entitled to the property, and provides that the resigned trustee has the duties of a trustee, and the power necessary to protect the trust property, until the property is so delivered.

12. Oppenheimer, as the resigned trustee, is required to deliver the Trust property in its possession to a successor trustee or another authorized person.

13. Because Candice and Eliot Bernstein, as the natural guardians of the beneficiaries, have failed to appoint a successor trustee, the Court must either (i) appoint a successor trustee to whom Oppenheimer shall deliver the Trust property or (ii) terminate the Trusts and direct Oppenheimer to deliver the Trust property to the minor beneficiaries, through their natural guardians or a guardian of the property.³

³ Whether Eliot and Candice Bernstein should be given control of their children's assets or whether a guardian of the property should be appointed is a question which OPPENHEIMER leaves to the sound judgment of the Court.

IV. CONCLUSION

For all of the foregoing reasons, Oppenheimer requests summary judgment authorizing and directing Oppenheimer, as the resigned trustee, to transfer all property held by the Grandchildren Trust to a designated person or entity, an award of attorneys' fees and costs under the Grandchildren Trusts and the Trust Code, and such other relief as is just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

GRAYROBINSON, P.A.
Attorneys for Petitioner
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Telephone: (561) 368-3808

By: /s/ Steven A. Lessne
Steven A. Lessne, Esq.
Florida Bar No. 107514
steven.lessne@gray-robinson.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was furnished via e-mail to all parties on the attached Service List this 29th day of August, 2014.

/s/ Steven A. Lessne

SERVICE LIST

Eliot Bernstein
2753 N.W. 34th Street
Boca Raton, FL 33434
ivewit@ivewit.tv
ivewit@gmail.com

Candice Bernstein
2753 N.W. 34th Street
Boca Raton, FL 33434
tourcandy@gmail.com

EXHIBIT A

TRUST AGREEMENT
FOR THE
JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST

September 7, 2006

TRUST AGREEMENT
FOR THE
JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST

SIMON BERNSTEIN, as Settlor, hereby creates the Joshua Z. Bernstein Irrevocable Trust ("the Trust") on September 7, 2006. Traci Kratish, P.A. is the trustee of this Trust and, in that capacity, he and his successors are collectively referred to in this Trust Agreement as the "Trustee."

ARTICLE 1
BENEFICIARY

This Trust is for the benefit of the Settlor's Grandchild, JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN ("Beneficiary").

ARTICLE 2
TRANSFERS TO TRUST

The Settlor hereby conveys to the Trustee all his interest in the assets listed on Schedule A, which together with any assets later added to this Trust are referred to as the "Trust Estate." Any person may transfer assets to the Trust Estate, if the Trustee agrees to accept them. Assets do not have to be listed on Schedule A to be part of the Trust Estate. Unless otherwise specified in writing at the time of the transfer, those assets will be held as provided in this Trust Agreement. The Trustee acknowledges receipt of the current Trust assets and agrees to hold the Trust Estate as set forth in this Trust Agreement.

ARTICLE 3
IRREVOCABLE PROVISION

The Settlor declares that he has no right to alter, amend, modify, or revoke this Trust Agreement; to withdraw assets from the Trust; or to require changes in the investments of the Trust. No part of the Trust may ever revert to the Settlor, be used for his benefit, or be distributed in discharge of his legal obligations.

ARTICLE 4
ADMINISTRATION OF TRUST

The Trustee shall hold, administer, and distribute the Trust Estate in accordance with the powers granted under this Trust Agreement as follows:

4.1 Discretionary Distributions. The Trustee shall pay or apply such sums of principal from this Trust as in the Trustee's discretion are necessary or advisable for Beneficiary's health, education, support, and maintenance.

4.2 Distribution of Principal. When Beneficiary has reached age 21, the trustee shall distribute one-half (½) of the corpus of trust to Beneficiary plus accrued income. When Beneficiary has reached age 25 the Trustee shall distribute the entire remaining principal balance of the corpus of the trust to Beneficiary plus accrued income.

4.3 Distribution Upon Death Before Age 25. Upon the death of Beneficiary prior to age 25, the Trustee shall distribute the remaining assets in the trust to the estate of Beneficiary.

**ARTICLE 5
PROVISIONS GOVERNING TRUSTEES**

The following provisions apply to all Trustees appointed under this Trust Agreement:

5.1 Incapacity of Trustee. If any Trustee becomes disabled, he or she will immediately cease to act as Trustee. If a Trustee who ceases to serve because of a disability, or who is suspended, thereafter recovers from that disability or consents to the release of relevant medical information, he or she may elect to become a Trustee again by giving written notice to the then serving Trustee, and the last Trustee who undertook to serve will then cease to be a Trustee until another successor Trustee is required.

5.2 Resignation. Any Trustee may resign by giving 30 days' written notice delivered personally or by mail to any then serving Co-Trustee and to the Settlor if he is then living and not disabled; otherwise to the next named successor Trustee, or if none, to the persons having power to appoint successor Trustees.

5.3 Power to Name Other Trustees. Whenever a successor Trustee is required and that position is not filled under the terms specified in this Trust Agreement, an individual Trustee ceasing to serve (other than a Trustee being removed) may appoint his or her successor, but if none is appointed, the remaining Trustees, if any, or the beneficiary shall appoint a successor Corporate Trustee. The appointment will be by a written document (including a testamentary instrument) delivered to the appointed Trustee. In no event may the Settlor ever be appointed as the Trustee under this Trust Agreement nor shall a Successor trustee be appointed that will cause this trust to be a grantor trust.

5.4 Powers of Successor Trustees. Successor Trustees will have all powers granted to the original Trustee, except that only an Independent Trustee will succeed to the powers vested exclusively in the Independent Trustee.

5.5 Accountings. Accountings must be given to the beneficiary of each trust at least annually (quarterly if a Corporate Trustee is serving). The accountings must show the assets held in trust and all receipts and disbursements. A beneficiary's written approval of an accounting will be final and binding upon that beneficiary and all persons represented by him or her as to all matters disclosed in that accounting. In any event, if a beneficiary fails to object to an accounting within six months of receiving it, his or her

approval is conclusively presumed. A successor Trustee may require the prior Trustee to render a full and final accounting.

5.6 Acts by Other Fiduciaries. The Trustee is not required to question any acts or failures to act of the fiduciary of any other trust or estate, and will not be liable for any prior fiduciary's acts or failures to act. The Trustee can require a beneficiary who requests an examination of another fiduciary's actions or omissions to advance all costs and fees incurred in the examination, and if the beneficiary does not, the Trustee may elect not to proceed or may proceed and offset those costs and fees directly against any payment that would otherwise be made to that beneficiary.

5.7 Court Supervision. The Settlor waives compliance by the Trustee with any law requiring bond, registration, qualification, or accounting to any court.

5.8 Compensation. Each Trustee is entitled to be paid reasonable compensation for services rendered in the administration of the Trust. Reasonable compensation for a Corporate Trustee will be its published fee schedule in effect when its services are rendered unless otherwise agreed in writing, and except as follows. Any fees paid to a Corporate Trustee for making principal distributions, for termination of the trust, and upon termination of its services must be based solely on the value of its services rendered, not on the value of the trust principal. During the Settlor's lifetime the Trustee's fees are to be charged wholly against income (to the extent sufficient), unless directed otherwise by the Settlor in writing.

5.9 Indemnity. Any Trustee who ceases to serve for any reason will be entitled to receive (and the continuing Trustee shall make suitable arrangements to provide) reasonable indemnification and security to protect and hold that Trustee harmless from any damage or liability of any nature that may be imposed upon it because of its actions or omissions while serving as Trustee. This protection, however, does not extend to a Trustee's negligent actions or omissions that clearly and demonstrably result in damage or liability. A prior Trustee may enforce these provisions against the current Trustee or against any assets held in the Trust, or if the prior Trustee is an individual, against any beneficiary to the extent of distributions received by that beneficiary. This indemnification right will extend to the estate, personal representatives, legal successors, and assigns of a Trustee.

5.10 Successor Trustee. In the event the initial Trustee, Steven I. Greenwald, resigns or ceases to serve as Trustee, then and in that event, I hereby appoint Larry V. Bishins to serve as Trustee.

ARTICLE 6 PROTECTION OF INTERESTS

The interest of any beneficiary under this Trust Agreement, in either income or principal, may not be anticipated, alienated, or in any other manner assigned by the beneficiary, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, and will not be subject to any legal process,

bankruptcy proceedings, or the interference or control of the beneficiary's creditors or others.

ARTICLE 7
FIDUCIARY POWERS

The Settlor grants to the Trustee full power to deal freely with any property in the Trust. The Trustee may exercise these powers independently and without the approval of any court. No person dealing with the Trustee need inquire into the propriety of any of its actions or into the application of any funds or assets. The Trustee shall, however, exercise all powers in a fiduciary capacity for the best interest of the beneficiary of this Trust or any trust created under it. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee is given the following discretionary powers in addition to any other powers conferred by law:

7.1 Type of Assets. Except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to hold funds uninvested for such periods as the Trustee deems prudent, and to invest in any assets the Trustee deems advisable even though they are not technically recognized or specifically listed in so-called "legal lists," without responsibility for depreciation or loss on account of those investments, or because those investments are non-productive, as long as the Trustee acts in good faith.

7.2 Original Assets. Except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to retain the original assets it receives for as long as it deems best, and to dispose of those assets when it deems advisable, even though such assets, because of their character or lack of diversification, would otherwise be considered improper investments for the Trustee.

7.3 Tangible Personal Property. To receive and hold tangible personal property; to pay or refrain from paying storage and insurance charges for such property; and to permit any beneficiaries to use such property without either the Trustee or beneficiaries incurring any liability for wear, tear, and obsolescence of the property.

7.4 Specific Securities. To invest in assets, securities, or interests in securities of any nature, including (without limit) commodities, options, futures, precious metals, currencies, and in domestic and foreign markets and in mutual or investment funds, including funds for which the Trustee or any affiliate performs services for additional fees, whether as custodian, transfer agent, investment advisor or otherwise, or in securities distributed, underwritten, or issued by the Trustee or by syndicates of which it is a member; to trade on credit or margin accounts (whether secured or unsecured); and to pledge assets of the Trust Estate for that purpose.

7.5 Property Transactions. To buy, sell, pledge, exchange, or lease any real or personal property, publicly or privately, for cash or credit, without court approval and upon the terms and conditions that the Trustee deems advisable; to execute deeds, leases, contracts, bills of sale, notes, mortgages, security instruments, and other written instruments; to abandon or dispose of any real or personal property in the Trust which has little or no monetary or useful value; to improve, repair, insure, subdivide and vacate

any property; to erect, alter or demolish buildings; to adjust boundaries; and to impose easements, restrictions, and covenants as the Trustee sees fit. A lease will be valid and binding for its full term even if it extends beyond the full duration of the Trust.

7.6 Borrow Money. To borrow money from any source (including the Trustee in its nonfiduciary capacity), to guarantee indebtedness, and to secure the loan or guaranty by mortgage or other security interest.

7.7 Maintain Assets. To expend whatever funds it deems proper for the preservation, maintenance, or improvement of assets. The Trustee in its discretion may elect any options or settlements or exercise any rights under all insurance policies that it holds. However, no fiduciary who is the insured of any insurance policy held in the Trust may exercise any rights or have any incidents of ownership with respect to the policy, including the power to change the beneficiary, to surrender or cancel the policy, to assign the policy, to revoke any assignment, to pledge the policy for a loan, or to obtain from the insurer a loan against the surrender value of the policy. All such power is to be exercised solely by the remaining Trustee, if any, or if none, by a special fiduciary appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.8 Advisors. To employ and compensate attorneys, accountants, advisors, financial consultants, managers, agents, and assistants (including any individual or entity who provides investment advisory or management services, or who furnishes professional assistance in making investments for the Trust) without liability for any act of those persons, if they are selected and retained with reasonable care. Fees may be paid from the Trust Estate even if the services were rendered in connection with ancillary proceedings.

7.9 Indirect Distributions. To make distributions, whether of principal or income, to any person under age 21 or to any incapacitated person according to the terms of this Trust Agreement by making distributions directly to that person whether or not that person has a guardian; to the parent, guardian, or spouse of that person; to a custodial account established by the Trustee or others for that person under an applicable Uniform Gift to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act; to any adult who resides in the same household with that person or who is otherwise responsible for the care and well-being of that person; or by applying any distribution for the benefit of that person in any manner the Trustee deems proper. The receipt of the person to whom payment is made will constitute full discharge of the Trustee with respect to that payment. No distributions may be made to the Settlor under this Section.

7.10 Non-Pro Rata Distribution. To make any division or distribution in money or in kind, or both, without allocating the same kind of property to all shares or distributees, and without regard to the income tax basis of the property. Any division will be binding and conclusive on all parties.

7.11 Nominee. Except as prohibited by law, to hold any assets in the name of a nominee without disclosing the fiduciary relationship; to hold the property

unregistered, without affecting its liability; and to hold securities endorsed in blank, in street certificates, at a depository trust company, or in a book entry system.

7.12 Custodian. To employ a custodian or agent ("the Custodian") located anywhere within the United States, at the discretion of the Trustee but at the expense of the Trust, whether or not such Custodian is an affiliate of the Trustee or any person rendering services to the Trust; to register securities in the name of the Custodian or a nominee thereof without designation of fiduciary capacity; and to appoint the Custodian to perform such other ministerial functions as the Trustee may direct. While such securities are in the custody of the Custodian, the Trustee will be under no obligation to inspect or verify such securities nor will the Trustee be responsible for any loss by the Custodian.

7.13 Settle Claims. To contest, compromise, arbitrate, or otherwise adjust claims in favor of or against the Trust, to agree to any rescission or modification of any contract or agreement, and to refrain from instituting any suit or action unless indemnified for reasonable costs and expenses.

7.14 Corporate Rights. To vote and exercise any option, right, or privilege to purchase or to convert bonds, notes, stock (including shares or fractional shares of stock of any Corporate Trustee), securities, or other property; to borrow money for the purpose of exercising any such option, right, or privilege; to delegate those rights to an agent; to enter into voting trusts and other agreements or subscriptions; to participate in any type of liquidation or reorganization of any enterprise; and to write and sell covered call options, puts, calls, straddles, or other methods of buying or selling securities, as well as all related transactions.

7.15 Partnership Interests. To hold interests in sole proprietorships, general or limited partnerships, joint ventures, business trusts, land trusts, limited liability companies, and other domestic and foreign forms of organizations; and to exercise all rights in connection with such interests as the Trustee deems appropriate, including any powers applicable to a non-admitted transferee of any such interest.

7.16 Self-Dealing. To exercise all its powers even though it may also be acting individually or on behalf of any other person or entity interested in the same matters. The Trustee, however, shall exercise these powers at all times in a fiduciary capacity, primarily in the interest of the beneficiaries of the Trust. Despite any other provision of this Trust Agreement, no Trustee may participate in the decision to make a discretionary distribution that would discharge a legal support obligation of that Trustee. No Trustee who has made a disclaimer, either individually or as a Trustee, may exercise any discretion in determining the recipient of the disclaimed property. All power to make such distributions, or to determine recipients of disclaimed property, will be exercised solely by the remaining Trustees, if any, or if there are no other Trustees then serving, by the person or persons named to serve as the next successor Trustee, or if there are none, by a special Trustee appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.17 Expenses. An Independent Trustee may determine how expenses of administration and receipts are to be apportioned between principal and income.

7.18 Terminate Small Trusts. To exercise its discretion to refrain from funding or to terminate any trust whenever the value of the principal of that trust would be or is too small to administer economically, and to distribute the remaining principal and all accumulated income of the trust as provided in Section 7.9 to the income beneficiary of that trust. The Trustee shall exercise this power to terminate in its discretion as it deems prudent for the best interest of the beneficiaries at that time. This power cannot be exercised by the Settlor or any beneficiary, either alone or in conjunction with any other Trustee, but must be exercised solely by the other Trustee, or if none, by a special Trustee appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.19 Allocations to Income and Principal. To treat premiums and discounts on bonds and other obligations for the payment of money in accordance with either generally accepted accounting principles or tax accounting principles and, except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to hold nonproductive assets without allocating any principal to income, despite any laws or rules to the contrary. The Trustee in its discretion may exercise the power described in Section 738.104 of the Florida Statutes to adjust between principal and income, as appropriate, and, in addition, may convert any income interest into a unitrust interest, or a unitrust interest to an income interest, as it sees fit, all as provided in Section 738.1041 of the Florida Statutes, despite any provision of those sections to the contrary.

7.20 Use of Income. Except as otherwise provided in this Trust Agreement, and in addition to all other available sources, to exercise its discretion in the use of income from the assets of the Trust to satisfy the liabilities described in this Trust Agreement, without accountability to any beneficiary.

7.21 Valuations. In making distributions or allocations under the terms of this Trust Agreement to be valued as of a particular date, the Trustee may use asset valuations obtained for a date reasonably close to that particular date (such as a quarterly closing date before or after that date) if, in the Trustee's judgment, obtaining appraisals or other determinations of value on that date would result in unnecessary expense, and if in the Trustee's judgment, the fair market value as determined is substantially the same as on that actual date. This paragraph will not apply if valuation on a specific date is required to preserve a qualification for a tax benefit, including any deduction, credit, or most favorable allocation of an exemption.

7.22 Incorporation. To incorporate any business or venture, and to continue any unincorporated business that the Trustee determines to be not advisable to incorporate.

7.23 Delegation. To delegate periodically among themselves the authority to perform any act of administration of any trust.

7.24 Advances. To make cash advances or loans to beneficiaries, with or without security.

7.25 Investment Manager. To employ any investment management service, financial institution, or similar organization to advise the Trustee and to handle all investments of the Trust and to render all accountings of funds held on its behalf under custodial, agency, or other agreements. If the Trustee is an individual, these costs may be paid as an expense of administration in addition to fees and commissions.

7.26 Depreciation. To deduct from all receipts attributable to depreciable property a reasonable allowance for depreciation, computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied.

7.27 Disclaim Assets or Powers. To disclaim any assets otherwise passing or any fiduciary powers pertaining to any trust created hereunder, by execution of an instrument of disclaimer meeting the requirements of applicable law generally imposed upon individuals executing disclaimers. No notice to or consent of any beneficiary, other interested person, or any court is required for any such disclaimer, and the Trustee is to be held harmless for any decision to make or not make such a disclaimer.

7.28 Transfer Situs. To transfer the situs of any trust or any trust property to any other jurisdiction as often as the Trustee deems advisable, and if necessary to appoint a substitute or ancillary Trustee to act with respect to that property. The Trustee may delegate to the substitute Trustee any or all of the powers given to the Trustee; may elect to act as advisor to the substitute Trustee and receive reasonable compensation for that service; and may remove any acting or substitute Trustee and appoint another, or reappoint itself, at will.

7.29 Related Parties. To enter into any transaction on behalf of the Trust despite the fact that another party to that transaction may be: (i) a business or trust controlled by the Trustee, or of which the Trustee, or any director, officer, or employee of the Corporate Trustee, is also a director, officer, or employee; (ii) an affiliate or business associate of any beneficiary or the Trustee; or (iii) a beneficiary or Trustee under this Trust Agreement acting individually, or any relative of such a party.

7.30 Additional Powers for Income-Producing Real Estate. In addition to the other powers set forth above or otherwise conferred by law, the Trustee has the following powers with respect to any income-producing real property which is or may become a part of the Trust Estate:

- To retain and operate the property for as long as it deems advisable;
- To control, direct, and manage the property, determining the manner and extent of its active participation in these operations, and to delegate all or any part of its supervisory power to other persons that it selects;

- To hire and discharge employees, fix their compensation, and define their duties;
- To invest funds in other land holdings and to use those funds for all improvements, operations, or other similar purposes;
- Except as otherwise provided with respect to mandatory income distributions, to retain any amount of the net earnings for working capital and other purposes that it deems advisable in conformity with sound and efficient management; and
- To purchase and sell machinery, equipment, and supplies of all kinds as needed for the operation and maintenance of the land holdings.

**ARTICLE 8
SUBCHAPTER S STOCK**

Despite any other provisions of this Trust Agreement, if a trust created in this instrument is to become the owner of, or already owns, stock in a corporation that has an election in effect (or one that proposes to make an election) under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code (an "S Corporation"), and that trust would not otherwise be permitted to be an S Corporation shareholder, the following provisions will apply:

8.1 Electing Small Business Trust. The Trustee in its discretion may elect for the trust to become an Electing Small Business Trust ("ESBT") as defined in the Internal Revenue Code.

8.2 Qualified Subchapter S Trust. If the Trustee does not cause the trust to become an ESBT, the Trustee shall set aside the S Corporation stock in a separate trust for the current income beneficiary of such trust, so that a Qualified Subchapter S Trust ("QSST") election under Section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code can be filed with respect to that trust. The Trustee shall hold each share as a separate QSST for the persons described above, and each such person will be the sole beneficiary of his or her QSST. To the greatest extent possible, the Trustee shall administer each QSST under the terms of the trust from which it was derived, but subject to the following overriding provisions:

(a) **Consent.** The Trustee shall notify the beneficiary of each separate trust promptly that a QSST election must be filed with the Internal Revenue Service. Thereafter, each beneficiary shall file a timely and proper QSST election with the Internal Revenue Service. If a beneficiary fails or refuses to make the QSST election, the Trustee shall make an ESBT election for that trust. If the beneficiary does make the QSST election, then his or her separate trust will be administered as set forth below.

(b) **Income Payments.** During the beneficiary's life, the Trustee shall pay all net income of the trust to the beneficiary (and only to that beneficiary) in quarterly or more frequent installments. The beneficiary's income interest in the trust

will terminate on the earlier of his or her death or the termination of the trust under its terms.

(c) **Principal Invasions.** If the beneficiary is otherwise entitled to receive principal distributions, the Trustee may distribute principal from that separate trust during the beneficiary's life only to or for the benefit of that beneficiary (and no one else).

(d) **Final Distribution.** If the QSST is terminated during the beneficiary's life, the Trustee shall distribute all remaining assets of that separate trust to that beneficiary. If the beneficiary dies before that trust's termination, all remaining assets of the QSST are to be distributed as provided in the original trust, but subject to this article.

(e) **Termination of QSST Status.** If a separate trust would cease to qualify as an S Corporation shareholder, the Trustee in its discretion may: (i) make an ESBT election for that separate trust, or (ii) distribute all S Corporation stock to the beneficiary. The Trustee in its discretion also may convert a QSST to an ESBT, whether or not the beneficiary has consented to QSST treatment and, if the beneficiary consents, may convert an ESBT into a QSST.

ARTICLE 9 PERPETUITIES PROVISION

Despite any contrary provisions of this Trust Agreement, from the creation of this Trust and for up to 21 years after the death of the last of the Settlor's grandparents' descendants who are living at the creation of this Trust, a trust beneficiary (which includes persons succeeding to the interest of a deceased beneficiary) will be entitled to terminating distributions only at the ages specified in this Trust Agreement. In all events, however, the share of each beneficiary will vest (in the beneficiary or his or her estate) immediately prior to the expiration of the 21 year period described above.

ARTICLE 10 ADMINISTRATION AND CONSTRUCTION

10.1 Rules for Distributions. In making distributions to beneficiaries under this Trust Agreement, the Trustee must use the following criteria.

(a) **Other Resources.** Whenever the Trustee has the authority to decide how much to distribute to or for the benefit of a beneficiary, the Trustee can make decisions without taking into account any information about the beneficiary's other available income and resources. The Trustee can make payments directly to a beneficiary or to other persons for the beneficiary's benefit, but it does not have to make payments to a court appointed guardian.

(b) **Trustee's Decision.** Absent clear and convincing evidence of bad faith, the Trustee's decisions as to amounts to be distributed will be final.

(c) **Standard of Living.** Distributions to a beneficiary for health, education, support, or maintenance are to be based on his or her standard of living, determined as of the date of the distribution.

10.2 Funding Gifts. The following rules will apply to funding gifts under this Trust Agreement.

(a) **Pecuniary Gifts.** All pecuniary gifts under this Trust Agreement that are paid by an in-kind distribution of assets must use values having an aggregate fair market value at the date or dates of distribution equal to the amount of this gift as finally determined for federal estate tax purposes.

(b) **Adjustments.** The Trustee shall select one or more dates of allocation or distribution for purposes of satisfying gifts and funding shares or trusts. The Trustee may make allocations before the final determination of federal estate tax, with those allocations being based upon the information then available to the Trustee, and may thereafter adjust properties among the shares or trusts if it is determined that the allocation should have been made differently.

10.3 Accumulated Income. Any income not distributed to the beneficiaries pursuant to either a mandatory direction or a discretionary power is to be incorporated into principal, at such intervals as the Trustee deems convenient.

10.4 Estate Tax on Included Property. If assets of any trust created under this Trust Agreement are included in a beneficiary's estate for federal estate tax purposes, the following will apply.

(a) **Appointed Assets.** If the beneficiary exercises a power of appointment over those assets, the Trustee is authorized to withhold from those assets the amount of estate taxes apportioned to them by applicable law, if the beneficiary does not make provisions for the payment of those taxes from other sources.

(b) **Other Assets.** If the beneficiary does not have or does not exercise a power of appointment over those assets, the Trustee will pay the estate taxes attributable to those assets. The estate taxes attributable to those assets will be the amount that the beneficiary's estate taxes are increased over the amount those taxes would have been if those assets had not been included in the beneficiary's gross estate.

(c) **Certification and Payment.** The Trustee may rely upon a written certification by the beneficiary's personal representative of the amount of the estate taxes, and may pay those taxes directly or to the personal representative of the beneficiary's estate. The Trustee will not be held liable for making payments as directed by the beneficiary's personal representative.

10.5 Transactions With Other Entities. The Trustee may buy assets from other estates or trusts, or make loans to them, so that funds will be available to pay claims, taxes, and expenses. The Trustee can make those purchases or loans even if it

serves as the fiduciary of that estate or trust, and on whatever terms and conditions the Trustee thinks are appropriate, except that the terms of any transaction must be commercially reasonable.

ARTICLE 11
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

11.1 Definitions. As used in this Trust Agreement, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

(a) Trustees.

- (1) **Independent Trustee** means a trustee of a particular trust, either individual or corporate, who is not the Settlor or a beneficiary, and who is not a Related Person as to the Settlor or a beneficiary (if the Settlor or the beneficiary, respectively, is living and participated in that person's appointment). For purposes of this definition a beneficiary is a person who is a permissible distributee of income or principal, or someone with an interest in the trust in excess of five percent (5%) of its value, assuming a maximum exercise of discretion in his or her favor. Whenever this Trust Agreement requires an action be taken by, or in the discretion of, an Independent Trustee but no such Trustee is then serving, a court may appoint an Independent Trustee to serve as an additional Trustee whose sole function and duty will be to exercise the specified power.
- (2) **Corporate Trustee** means a trustee that is a bank, trust company, or other entity authorized to serve as a trustee under the laws of the United States or any state thereof that is not a Related Person to the Settlor. A bank or trust company that does not meet this requirement cannot serve as Trustee.

(b) Internal Revenue Code Terms.

- (1) **Internal Revenue Code** means the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, or successor provisions of future federal internal revenue laws.
- (2) The terms **health, education, support, and maintenance** are intended to set forth an "ascertainable standard," as described in the Internal Revenue Code and its associated Regulations. To the extent not inconsistent with the foregoing, "health" means a beneficiary's physical and

mental health, including but not limited to payments for examinations, surgical, dental, or other treatment, medication, counseling, hospitalization, and health insurance premiums; "education" means elementary, secondary, post-secondary, graduate, or professional schooling in an accredited institution, public or private, or attendance at other formal programs in furtherance of the beneficiary's spiritual, athletic, or artistic education, including but not limited to payments for tuition, books, fees, assessments, equipment, tutoring, transportation, and reasonable living expenses.

- (3) **Related Person** as to a particular individual is someone who is deemed to be "related or subordinate" to that individual under Section 672(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (as though that individual was a grantor).

(c) **Other Terms.**

- (1) Distributions that are to be made to a person's **descendants, per stirpes**, will be divided into equal shares, so that there will be one share for each living child (if any) of that person and one share for each deceased child who has then living descendants. The share of each deceased child will be further divided among his or her descendants on a per stirpes basis, by reapplying the preceding rule to that deceased child and his or her descendants as many times as necessary.
- (2) **Disabled or under a disability** means (i) being under the legal age of majority, (ii) having been adjudicated to be incapacitated, or (iii) being unable to manage properly personal or financial affairs because of a mental or physical impairment (whether temporary or permanent in nature). A written certificate executed by an individual's attending physician confirming that person's impairment will be sufficient evidence of disability under item (iii) above, and all persons may rely conclusively on such a certificate.
- (3) **Removal of a Trustee for cause** includes, without limitation, the following: the willful or negligent mismanagement of the trust assets by that individual Trustee; the abuse or abandonment of, or inattention to, the trust by that individual Trustee; a federal or state charge against that individual Trustee involving the commission of a felony or serious misdemeanor; an act of theft,

dishonesty, fraud, embezzlement, or moral turpitude by that individual Trustee; or the use of narcotics or excessive use of alcohol by that individual Trustee.

- (4) The words **will** and **shall** are used interchangeably in this Trust Agreement and mean, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, that the Trustee must take the action indicated; as used in this Trust Agreement, the word **may** means that the Trustee has the discretionary authority to take the action but is not automatically required to do so.

11.2 Powers of Appointment. The following provisions relate to all powers of appointment under this Trust Agreement.

- (a) A **general power of appointment** granted to a person is one that can be exercised in favor of that person or his or her estate, his or her creditors, or the creditors of his or her estate.
- (b) A **special power of appointment** is any power that is not a general power.
- (c) A **testamentary power of appointment** (either general or special) is exercisable upon the powerholder's death by his or her Last Will or by a revocable trust agreement established by that person, but only by specific reference to the instrument creating the power. A "testamentary power of appointment" may not be exercised in favor of the person possessing the power.
- (d) In determining whether a person has exercised a testamentary power of appointment, the Trustee may rely upon an instrument admitted to probate in any jurisdiction as that person's Last Will, or upon any trust agreement certified to be valid and authentic by sworn statement of the trustee who is serving under that trust agreement. If the Trustee has not received written notice of such an instrument within six months after the powerholder's death, the Trustee may presume that the powerholder failed to exercise that power and will not be liable for acting in accordance with that presumption.

11.3 Notices. Any person entitled or required to give notice under this Trust Agreement shall exercise that power by a written instrument clearly setting forth the effective date of the action for which notice is being given. The instrument may be executed in counterparts.

11.4 Certifications.

(a) **Facts.** A certificate signed and acknowledged by the Trustee stating any fact affecting the Trust Estate or the Trust Agreement will be conclusive

evidence of such fact in favor of any transfer agent and any other person dealing in good faith with the Trustee. The Trustee may rely on a certificate signed and acknowledged by any beneficiary stating any fact concerning the Trust beneficiaries, including dates of birth, relationships, or marital status, unless an individual serving as Trustee has actual knowledge that the stated fact is false.

(b) Copy. Any person may rely on a copy of this instrument (in whole or in part) certified to be a true copy by the Settlor; by any person specifically named as a Trustee (or successor Trustee); by any Corporate Trustee whether or not specifically named; or, if there are none of the above, by any then serving Trustee.

11.5 Applicable Law. All matters involving the validity and interpretation of this Trust Agreement are to be governed by Florida law. Subject to the provisions of this Trust Agreement, all matters involving the administration of a trust are to be governed by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the trust has its principal place of administration.

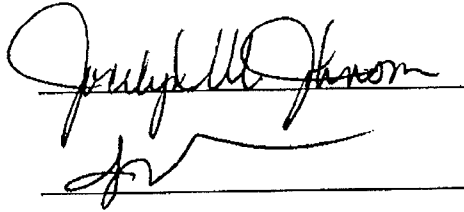
11.6 Gender and Number. Reference in this Trust Agreement to any gender includes either masculine or feminine, as appropriate, and reference to any number includes both singular and plural where the context permits or requires. Use of descriptive titles for articles and paragraphs is for the purpose of convenience only and is not intended to restrict the application of those provisions.

11.7 Further Instruments. The Settlor agrees to execute such further instruments as may be necessary to vest the Trustee with full legal title to the property transferred to this Trust.

11.8 Binding Effect. This Trust Agreement extends to and is binding upon the Settlor's Personal Representative, successors, and assigns, and upon the Trustee.

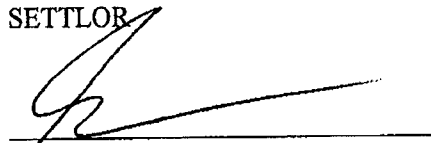
Executed as of the date first written above.

Signed in the presence of:



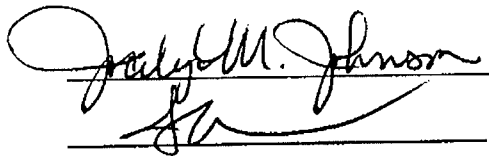
Two witnesses as to Simon Bernstein

SETTLOR



Simon Bernstein

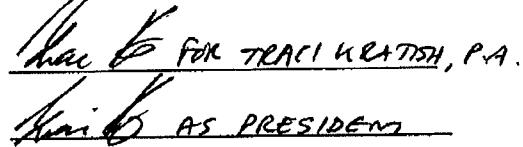
Signed in the presence of:

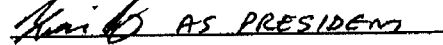


Two witnesses as to Traci Kratish

TRUSTEE

Traci Kratish, P.A.


_____ FOR TRACI KRATISH, P.A.


_____ AS PRESIDENT

Traci Kratish, ~~PA~~, President

Schedule A
Initial Transfers to Trust

Transfer of 6 shares of LIC Holdings, Inc.

EXHIBIT B

TRUST AGREEMENT
FOR THE
JAKE BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST

September 7, 2006

TRUST AGREEMENT
FOR THE
JAKE BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST

SIMON BERNSTEIN, as Settlor, hereby creates the Jake Bernstein Irrevocable Trust ("the Trust") on September 7, 2006. Traci Kratish, P.A. is the trustee of this Trust and, in that capacity, he and his successors are collectively referred to in this Trust Agreement as the "Trustee."

ARTICLE 1
BENEFICIARY

This Trust is for the benefit of the Settlor's Grandchild, JAKE BERNSTEIN.

ARTICLE 2
TRANSFERS TO TRUST

The Settlor hereby conveys to the Trustee all his interest in the assets listed on Schedule A, which together with any assets later added to this Trust are referred to as the "Trust Estate." Any person may transfer assets to the Trust Estate, if the Trustee agrees to accept them. Assets do not have to be listed on Schedule A to be part of the Trust Estate. Unless otherwise specified in writing at the time of the transfer, those assets will be held as provided in this Trust Agreement. The Trustee acknowledges receipt of the current Trust assets and agrees to hold the Trust Estate as set forth in this Trust Agreement.

ARTICLE 3
IRREVOCABLE PROVISION

The Settlor declares that he has no right to alter, amend, modify, or revoke this Trust Agreement; to withdraw assets from the Trust; or to require changes in the investments of the Trust. No part of the Trust may ever revert to the Settlor, be used for his benefit, or be distributed in discharge of his legal obligations.

ARTICLE 4
ADMINISTRATION OF TRUST

The Trustee shall hold, administer, and distribute the Trust Estate in accordance with the powers granted under this Trust Agreement as follows:

4.1 Discretionary Distributions. The Trustee shall pay or apply such sums of principal from this Trust as in the Trustee's discretion are necessary or advisable for Beneficiary's health, education, support, and maintenance.

4.2 Distribution of Principal. When Beneficiary has reached age 21, the trustee shall distribute one-half (½) of the corpus of trust to Beneficiary plus accrued income. When Beneficiary has reached age 25 the Trustee shall distribute the entire remaining principal balance of the corpus of the trust to Beneficiary plus accrued income.

4.3 Distribution Upon Death Before Age 25. Upon the death of Beneficiary prior to age 25, the Trustee shall distribute the remaining assets in the trust to the estate of Beneficiary.

**ARTICLE 5
PROVISIONS GOVERNING TRUSTEES**

The following provisions apply to all Trustees appointed under this Trust Agreement:

5.1 Incapacity of Trustee. If any Trustee becomes disabled, he or she will immediately cease to act as Trustee. If a Trustee who ceases to serve because of a disability, or who is suspended, thereafter recovers from that disability or consents to the release of relevant medical information, he or she may elect to become a Trustee again by giving written notice to the then serving Trustee, and the last Trustee who undertook to serve will then cease to be a Trustee until another successor Trustee is required.

5.2 Resignation. Any Trustee may resign by giving 30 days' written notice delivered personally or by mail to any then serving Co-Trustee and to the Settlor if he is then living and not disabled; otherwise to the next named successor Trustee, or if none, to the persons having power to appoint successor Trustees.

5.3 Power to Name Other Trustees. Whenever a successor Trustee is required and that position is not filled under the terms specified in this Trust Agreement, an individual Trustee ceasing to serve (other than a Trustee being removed) may appoint his or her successor, but if none is appointed, the remaining Trustees, if any, or the beneficiary shall appoint a successor Corporate Trustee. The appointment will be by a written document (including a testamentary instrument) delivered to the appointed Trustee. In no event may the Settlor ever be appointed as the Trustee under this Trust Agreement nor shall a Successor trustee be appointed that will cause this trust to be a grantor trust.

5.4 Powers of Successor Trustees. Successor Trustees will have all powers granted to the original Trustee, except that only an Independent Trustee will succeed to the powers vested exclusively in the Independent Trustee.

5.5 Accountings. Accountings must be given to the beneficiary of each trust at least annually (quarterly if a Corporate Trustee is serving). The accountings must show the assets held in trust and all receipts and disbursements. A beneficiary's written approval of an accounting will be final and binding upon that beneficiary and all persons represented by him or her as to all matters disclosed in that accounting. In any event, if a

beneficiary fails to object to an accounting within six months of receiving it, his or her approval is conclusively presumed. A successor Trustee may require the prior Trustee to render a full and final accounting.

5.6 Acts by Other Fiduciaries. The Trustee is not required to question any acts or failures to act of the fiduciary of any other trust or estate, and will not be liable for any prior fiduciary's acts or failures to act. The Trustee can require a beneficiary who requests an examination of another fiduciary's actions or omissions to advance all costs and fees incurred in the examination, and if the beneficiary does not, the Trustee may elect not to proceed or may proceed and offset those costs and fees directly against any payment that would otherwise be made to that beneficiary.

5.7 Court Supervision. The Settlor waives compliance by the Trustee with any law requiring bond, registration, qualification, or accounting to any court.

5.8 Compensation. Each Trustee is entitled to be paid reasonable compensation for services rendered in the administration of the Trust. Reasonable compensation for a Corporate Trustee will be its published fee schedule in effect when its services are rendered unless otherwise agreed in writing, and except as follows. Any fees paid to a Corporate Trustee for making principal distributions, for termination of the trust, and upon termination of its services must be based solely on the value of its services rendered, not on the value of the trust principal. During the Settlor's lifetime the Trustee's fees are to be charged wholly against income (to the extent sufficient), unless directed otherwise by the Settlor in writing.

5.9 Indemnity. Any Trustee who ceases to serve for any reason will be entitled to receive (and the continuing Trustee shall make suitable arrangements to provide) reasonable indemnification and security to protect and hold that Trustee harmless from any damage or liability of any nature that may be imposed upon it because of its actions or omissions while serving as Trustee. This protection, however, does not extend to a Trustee's negligent actions or omissions that clearly and demonstrably result in damage or liability. A prior Trustee may enforce these provisions against the current Trustee or against any assets held in the Trust, or if the prior Trustee is an individual, against any beneficiary to the extent of distributions received by that beneficiary. This indemnification right will extend to the estate, personal representatives, legal successors, and assigns of a Trustee.

5.10 Successor Trustee. In the event the initial Trustee, Steven I. Greenwald, resigns or ceases to serve as Trustee, then and in that event, I hereby appoint Larry V. Bishins to serve as Trustee.

ARTICLE 6
PROTECTION OF INTERESTS

The interest of any beneficiary under this Trust Agreement, in either income or principal, may not be anticipated, alienated, or in any other manner assigned by the beneficiary, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, and will not be subject to any legal process, bankruptcy proceedings, or the interference or control of the beneficiary's creditors or others.

ARTICLE 7
FIDUCIARY POWERS

The Settlor grants to the Trustee full power to deal freely with any property in the Trust. The Trustee may exercise these powers independently and without the approval of any court. No person dealing with the Trustee need inquire into the propriety of any of its actions or into the application of any funds or assets. The Trustee shall, however, exercise all powers in a fiduciary capacity for the best interest of the beneficiary of this Trust or any trust created under it. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee is given the following discretionary powers in addition to any other powers conferred by law:

7.1 Type of Assets. Except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to hold funds uninvested for such periods as the Trustee deems prudent, and to invest in any assets the Trustee deems advisable even though they are not technically recognized or specifically listed in so-called "legal lists," without responsibility for depreciation or loss on account of those investments, or because those investments are non-productive, as long as the Trustee acts in good faith.

7.2 Original Assets. Except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to retain the original assets it receives for as long as it deems best, and to dispose of those assets when it deems advisable, even though such assets, because of their character or lack of diversification, would otherwise be considered improper investments for the Trustee.

7.3 Tangible Personal Property. To receive and hold tangible personal property; to pay or refrain from paying storage and insurance charges for such property; and to permit any beneficiaries to use such property without either the Trustee or beneficiaries incurring any liability for wear, tear, and obsolescence of the property.

7.4 Specific Securities. To invest in assets, securities, or interests in securities of any nature, including (without limit) commodities, options, futures, precious metals, currencies, and in domestic and foreign markets and in mutual or investment funds, including funds for which the Trustee or any affiliate performs services for additional fees, whether as custodian, transfer agent, investment advisor or otherwise, or in securities distributed, underwritten, or issued by the Trustee or by syndicates of which

it is a member; to trade on credit or margin accounts (whether secured or unsecured); and to pledge assets of the Trust Estate for that purpose.

7.5 Property Transactions. To buy, sell, pledge, exchange, or lease any real or personal property, publicly or privately, for cash or credit, without court approval and upon the terms and conditions that the Trustee deems advisable; to execute deeds, leases, contracts, bills of sale, notes, mortgages, security instruments, and other written instruments; to abandon or dispose of any real or personal property in the Trust which has little or no monetary or useful value; to improve, repair, insure, subdivide and vacate any property; to erect, alter or demolish buildings; to adjust boundaries; and to impose easements, restrictions, and covenants as the Trustee sees fit. A lease will be valid and binding for its full term even if it extends beyond the full duration of the Trust.

7.6 Borrow Money. To borrow money from any source (including the Trustee in its nonfiduciary capacity), to guarantee indebtedness, and to secure the loan or guaranty by mortgage or other security interest.

7.7 Maintain Assets. To expend whatever funds it deems proper for the preservation, maintenance, or improvement of assets. The Trustee in its discretion may elect any options or settlements or exercise any rights under all insurance policies that it holds. However, no fiduciary who is the insured of any insurance policy held in the Trust may exercise any rights or have any incidents of ownership with respect to the policy, including the power to change the beneficiary, to surrender or cancel the policy, to assign the policy, to revoke any assignment, to pledge the policy for a loan, or to obtain from the insurer a loan against the surrender value of the policy. All such power is to be exercised solely by the remaining Trustee, if any, or if none, by a special fiduciary appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.8 Advisors. To employ and compensate attorneys, accountants, advisors, financial consultants, managers, agents, and assistants (including any individual or entity who provides investment advisory or management services, or who furnishes professional assistance in making investments for the Trust) without liability for any act of those persons, if they are selected and retained with reasonable care. Fees may be paid from the Trust Estate even if the services were rendered in connection with ancillary proceedings.

7.9 Indirect Distributions. To make distributions, whether of principal or income, to any person under age 21 or to any incapacitated person according to the terms of this Trust Agreement by making distributions directly to that person whether or not that person has a guardian; to the parent, guardian, or spouse of that person; to a custodial account established by the Trustee or others for that person under an applicable Uniform Gift to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act; to any adult who resides in the same household with that person or who is otherwise responsible for the care and well-being of that person; or by applying any distribution for the benefit of that person in any

manner the Trustee deems proper. The receipt of the person to whom payment is made will constitute full discharge of the Trustee with respect to that payment. No distributions may be made to the Settlor under this Section.

7.10 Non-Pro Rata Distribution. To make any division or distribution in money or in kind, or both; without allocating the same kind of property to all shares or distributees, and without regard to the income tax basis of the property. Any division will be binding and conclusive on all parties.

7.11 Nominee. Except as prohibited by law, to hold any assets in the name of a nominee without disclosing the fiduciary relationship; to hold the property unregistered, without affecting its liability; and to hold securities endorsed in blank, in street certificates, at a depository trust company, or in a book entry system.

7.12 Custodian. To employ a custodian or agent ("the Custodian") located anywhere within the United States, at the discretion of the Trustee but at the expense of the Trust, whether or not such Custodian is an affiliate of the Trustee or any person rendering services to the Trust; to register securities in the name of the Custodian or a nominee thereof without designation of fiduciary capacity; and to appoint the Custodian to perform such other ministerial functions as the Trustee may direct. While such securities are in the custody of the Custodian, the Trustee will be under no obligation to inspect or verify such securities nor will the Trustee be responsible for any loss by the Custodian.

7.13 Settle Claims. To contest, compromise, arbitrate, or otherwise adjust claims in favor of or against the Trust, to agree to any rescission or modification of any contract or agreement, and to refrain from instituting any suit or action unless indemnified for reasonable costs and expenses.

7.14 Corporate Rights. To vote and exercise any option, right, or privilege to purchase or to convert bonds, notes, stock (including shares or fractional shares of stock of any Corporate Trustee), securities, or other property; to borrow money for the purpose of exercising any such option, right, or privilege; to delegate those rights to an agent; to enter into voting trusts and other agreements or subscriptions; to participate in any type of liquidation or reorganization of any enterprise; and to write and sell covered call options, puts, calls, straddles, or other methods of buying or selling securities, as well as all related transactions.

7.15 Partnership Interests. To hold interests in sole proprietorships, general or limited partnerships, joint ventures, business trusts, land trusts, limited liability companies, and other domestic and foreign forms of organizations; and to exercise all rights in connection with such interests as the Trustee deems appropriate, including any powers applicable to a non-admitted transferee of any such interest.

7.16 Self-Dealing. To exercise all its powers even though it may also be acting individually or on behalf of any other person or entity interested in the same matters. The Trustee, however, shall exercise these powers at all times in a fiduciary capacity, primarily in the interest of the beneficiaries of the Trust. Despite any other provision of this Trust Agreement, no Trustee may participate in the decision to make a discretionary distribution that would discharge a legal support obligation of that Trustee. No Trustee who has made a disclaimer, either individually or as a Trustee, may exercise any discretion in determining the recipient of the disclaimed property. All power to make such distributions, or to determine recipients of disclaimed property, will be exercised solely by the remaining Trustees, if any, or if there are no other Trustees then serving, by the person or persons named to serve as the next successor Trustee, or if there are none, by a special Trustee appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.17 Expenses. An Independent Trustee may determine how expenses of administration and receipts are to be apportioned between principal and income.

7.18 Terminate Small Trusts. To exercise its discretion to refrain from funding or to terminate any trust whenever the value of the principal of that trust would be or is too small to administer economically, and to distribute the remaining principal and all accumulated income of the trust as provided in Section 7.9 to the income beneficiary of that trust. The Trustee shall exercise this power to terminate in its discretion as it deems prudent for the best interest of the beneficiaries at that time. This power cannot be exercised by the Settlor or any beneficiary, either alone or in conjunction with any other Trustee, but must be exercised solely by the other Trustee, or if none, by a special Trustee appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.19 Allocations to Income and Principal. To treat premiums and discounts on bonds and other obligations for the payment of money in accordance with either generally accepted accounting principles or tax accounting principles and, except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to hold nonproductive assets without allocating any principal to income, despite any laws or rules to the contrary. The Trustee in its discretion may exercise the power described in Section 738.104 of the Florida Statutes to adjust between principal and income, as appropriate, and, in addition, may convert any income interest into a unitrust interest, or a unitrust interest to an income interest, as it sees fit, all as provided in Section 738.1041 of the Florida Statutes, despite any provision of those sections to the contrary.

7.20 Use of Income. Except as otherwise provided in this Trust Agreement, and in addition to all other available sources, to exercise its discretion in the use of income from the assets of the Trust to satisfy the liabilities described in this Trust Agreement, without accountability to any beneficiary.

7.21 Valuations. In making distributions or allocations under the terms of this Trust Agreement to be valued as of a particular date, the Trustee may use asset valuations

obtained for a date reasonably close to that particular date (such as a quarterly closing date before or after that date) if, in the Trustee's judgment, obtaining appraisals or other determinations of value on that date would result in unnecessary expense, and if in the Trustee's judgment, the fair market value as determined is substantially the same as on that actual date. This paragraph will not apply if valuation on a specific date is required to preserve a qualification for a tax benefit, including any deduction, credit, or most favorable allocation of an exemption.

7.22 Incorporation. To incorporate any business or venture, and to continue any unincorporated business that the Trustee determines to be not advisable to incorporate.

7.23 Delegation. To delegate periodically among themselves the authority to perform any act of administration of any trust.

7.24 Advances. To make cash advances or loans to beneficiaries, with or without security.

7.25 Investment Manager. To employ any investment management service, financial institution, or similar organization to advise the Trustee and to handle all investments of the Trust and to render all accountings of funds held on its behalf under custodial, agency, or other agreements. If the Trustee is an individual, these costs may be paid as an expense of administration in addition to fees and commissions.

7.26 Depreciation. To deduct from all receipts attributable to depreciable property a reasonable allowance for depreciation, computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied.

7.27 Disclaim Assets or Powers. To disclaim any assets otherwise passing or any fiduciary powers pertaining to any trust created hereunder, by execution of an instrument of disclaimer meeting the requirements of applicable law generally imposed upon individuals executing disclaimers. No notice to or consent of any beneficiary, other interested person, or any court is required for any such disclaimer, and the Trustee is to be held harmless for any decision to make or not make such a disclaimer.

7.28 Transfer Situs. To transfer the situs of any trust or any trust property to any other jurisdiction as often as the Trustee deems advisable, and if necessary to appoint a substitute or ancillary Trustee to act with respect to that property. The Trustee may delegate to the substitute Trustee any or all of the powers given to the Trustee; may elect to act as advisor to the substitute Trustee and receive reasonable compensation for that service; and may remove any acting or substitute Trustee and appoint another, or reappoint itself, at will.

7.29 Related Parties. To enter into any transaction on behalf of the Trust despite the fact that another party to that transaction may be: (i) a business or trust controlled by the Trustee, or of which the Trustee, or any director, officer, or employee of the Corporate Trustee, is also a director, officer, or employee; (ii) an affiliate or business associate of any beneficiary or the Trustee; or (iii) a beneficiary or Trustee under this Trust Agreement acting individually, or any relative of such a party.

7.30 Additional Powers for Income-Producing Real Estate. In addition to the other powers set forth above or otherwise conferred by law, the Trustee has the following powers with respect to any income-producing real property which is or may become a part of the Trust Estate:

- To retain and operate the property for as long as it deems advisable;
- To control, direct, and manage the property, determining the manner and extent of its active participation in these operations, and to delegate all or any part of its supervisory power to other persons that it selects;
- To hire and discharge employees, fix their compensation, and define their duties;
- To invest funds in other land holdings and to use those funds for all improvements, operations, or other similar purposes;
- Except as otherwise provided with respect to mandatory income distributions, to retain any amount of the net earnings for working capital and other purposes that it deems advisable in conformity with sound and efficient management; and
- To purchase and sell machinery, equipment, and supplies of all kinds as needed for the operation and maintenance of the land holdings.

ARTICLE 8 SUBCHAPTER S STOCK

Despite any other provisions of this Trust Agreement, if a trust created in this instrument is to become the owner of, or already owns, stock in a corporation that has an election in effect (or one that proposes to make an election) under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code (an "S Corporation"), and that trust would not otherwise be permitted to be an S Corporation shareholder, the following provisions will apply:

8.1 Electing Small Business Trust. The Trustee in its discretion may elect for the trust to become an Electing Small Business Trust ("ESBT") as defined in the Internal Revenue Code.

8.2 Qualified Subchapter S Trust. If the Trustee does not cause the trust to become an ESBT, the Trustee shall set aside the S Corporation stock in a separate trust for the current income beneficiary of such trust, so that a Qualified Subchapter S Trust ("QSST") election under Section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code can be filed with respect to that trust. The Trustee shall hold each share as a separate QSST for the persons described above, and each such person will be the sole beneficiary of his or her QSST. To the greatest extent possible, the Trustee shall administer each QSST under the terms of the trust from which it was derived, but subject to the following overriding provisions:

(a) **Consent.** The Trustee shall notify the beneficiary of each separate trust promptly that a QSST election must be filed with the Internal Revenue Service. Thereafter, each beneficiary shall file a timely and proper QSST election with the Internal Revenue Service. If a beneficiary fails or refuses to make the QSST election, the Trustee shall make an ESBT election for that trust. If the beneficiary does make the QSST election, then his or her separate trust will be administered as set forth below.

(b) **Income Payments.** During the beneficiary's life, the Trustee shall pay all net income of the trust to the beneficiary (and only to that beneficiary) in quarterly or more frequent installments. The beneficiary's income interest in the trust will terminate on the earlier of his or her death or the termination of the trust under its terms.

(c) **Principal Invasions.** If the beneficiary is otherwise entitled to receive principal distributions, the Trustee may distribute principal from that separate trust during the beneficiary's life only to or for the benefit of that beneficiary (and no one else).

(d) **Final Distribution.** If the QSST is terminated during the beneficiary's life, the Trustee shall distribute all remaining assets of that separate trust to that beneficiary. If the beneficiary dies before that trust's termination, all remaining assets of the QSST are to be distributed as provided in the original trust, but subject to this article.

(e) **Termination of QSST Status.** If a separate trust would cease to qualify as an S Corporation shareholder, the Trustee in its discretion may: (i) make an ESBT election for that separate trust, or (ii) distribute all S Corporation stock to the beneficiary. The Trustee in its discretion also may convert a QSST to an ESBT, whether or not the beneficiary has consented to QSST treatment and, if the beneficiary consents, may convert an ESBT into a QSST.

ARTICLE 9
PERPETUITIES PROVISION

Despite any contrary provisions of this Trust Agreement, from the creation of this Trust and for up to 21 years after the death of the last of the Settlor's grandparents' descendants who are living at the creation of this Trust, a trust beneficiary (which includes persons succeeding to the interest of a deceased beneficiary) will be entitled to terminating distributions only at the ages specified in this Trust Agreement. In all events, however, the share of each beneficiary will vest (in the beneficiary or his or her estate) immediately prior to the expiration of the 21 year period described above.

ARTICLE 10
ADMINISTRATION AND CONSTRUCTION

10.1 Rules for Distributions. In making distributions to beneficiaries under this Trust Agreement, the Trustee must use the following criteria.

(a) **Other Resources.** Whenever the Trustee has the authority to decide how much to distribute to or for the benefit of a beneficiary, the Trustee can make decisions without taking into account any information about the beneficiary's other available income and resources. The Trustee can make payments directly to a beneficiary or to other persons for the beneficiary's benefit, but it does not have to make payments to a court appointed guardian.

(b) **Trustee's Decision.** Absent clear and convincing evidence of bad faith, the Trustee's decisions as to amounts to be distributed will be final.

(c) **Standard of Living.** Distributions to a beneficiary for health, education, support, or maintenance are to be based on his or her standard of living, determined as of the date of the distribution.

10.2 Funding Gifts. The following rules will apply to funding gifts under this Trust Agreement.

(a) **Pecuniary Gifts.** All pecuniary gifts under this Trust Agreement that are paid by an in-kind distribution of assets must use values having an aggregate fair market value at the date or dates of distribution equal to the amount of this gift as finally determined for federal estate tax purposes.

(b) **Adjustments.** The Trustee shall select one or more dates of allocation or distribution for purposes of satisfying gifts and funding shares or trusts. The Trustee may make allocations before the final determination of federal estate tax, with those allocations being based upon the information then available to the Trustee,

and may thereafter adjust properties among the shares or trusts if it is determined that the allocation should have been made differently.

10.3 Accumulated Income. Any income not distributed to the beneficiaries pursuant to either a mandatory direction or a discretionary power is to be incorporated into principal, at such intervals as the Trustee deems convenient.

10.4 Estate Tax on Included Property. If assets of any trust created under this Trust Agreement are included in a beneficiary's estate for federal estate tax purposes, the following will apply.

(a) **Appointed Assets.** If the beneficiary exercises a power of appointment over those assets, the Trustee is authorized to withhold from those assets the amount of estate taxes apportioned to them by applicable law, if the beneficiary does not make provisions for the payment of those taxes from other sources.

(b) **Other Assets.** If the beneficiary does not have or does not exercise a power of appointment over those assets, the Trustee will pay the estate taxes attributable to those assets. The estate taxes attributable to those assets will be the amount that the beneficiary's estate taxes are increased over the amount those taxes would have been if those assets had not been included in the beneficiary's gross estate.

(c) **Certification and Payment.** The Trustee may rely upon a written certification by the beneficiary's personal representative of the amount of the estate taxes, and may pay those taxes directly or to the personal representative of the beneficiary's estate. The Trustee will not be held liable for making payments as directed by the beneficiary's personal representative.

10.5 Transactions With Other Entities. The Trustee may buy assets from other estates or trusts, or make loans to them, so that funds will be available to pay claims, taxes, and expenses. The Trustee can make those purchases or loans even if it serves as the fiduciary of that estate or trust, and on whatever terms and conditions the Trustee thinks are appropriate, except that the terms of any transaction must be commercially reasonable.

ARTICLE 11 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

11.1 Definitions. As used in this Trust Agreement, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

(a) **Trustees.**

- (1) **Independent Trustee** means a trustee of a particular trust, either individual or corporate, who is not the Settlor or a beneficiary, and who is not a Related Person as to the Settlor or a beneficiary (if the Settlor or the beneficiary, respectively, is living and participated in that person's appointment). For purposes of this definition a beneficiary is a person who is a permissible distributee of income or principal, or someone with an interest in the trust in excess of five percent (5%) of its value, assuming a maximum exercise of discretion in his or her favor. Whenever this Trust Agreement requires an action be taken by, or in the discretion of, an Independent Trustee but no such Trustee is then serving, a court may appoint an Independent Trustee to serve as an additional Trustee whose sole function and duty will be to exercise the specified power.
- (2) **Corporate Trustee** means a trustee that is a bank, trust company, or other entity authorized to serve as a trustee under the laws of the United States or any state thereof that is not a Related Person to the Settlor. A bank or trust company that does not meet this requirement cannot serve as Trustee.

(b) **Internal Revenue Code Terms.**

- (1) **Internal Revenue Code** means the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, or successor provisions of future federal internal revenue laws.
- (2) The terms **health, education, support, and maintenance** are intended to set forth an "ascertainable standard," as described in the Internal Revenue Code and its associated Regulations. To the extent not inconsistent with the foregoing, "health" means a beneficiary's physical and mental health, including but not limited to payments for examinations, surgical, dental, or other treatment, medication, counseling, hospitalization, and health insurance premiums; "education" means elementary, secondary, post-secondary, graduate, or professional schooling in an accredited institution, public or private, or attendance at other formal programs in furtherance of the beneficiary's spiritual, athletic, or artistic education, including but not limited to payments for tuition, books,

fees, assessments, equipment, tutoring, transportation, and reasonable living expenses.

- (3) **Related Person** as to a particular individual is someone who is deemed to be "related or subordinate" to that individual under Section 672(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (as though that individual was a grantor).

(c) **Other Terms.**

- (1) Distributions that are to be made to a person's **descendants, per stirpes**, will be divided into equal shares, so that there will be one share for each living child (if any) of that person and one share for each deceased child who has then living descendants. The share of each deceased child will be further divided among his or her descendants on a per stirpes basis, by reapplying the preceding rule to that deceased child and his or her descendants as many times as necessary.
- (2) **Disabled or under a disability** means (i) being under the legal age of majority, (ii) having been adjudicated to be incapacitated, or (iii) being unable to manage properly personal or financial affairs because of a mental or physical impairment (whether temporary or permanent in nature). A written certificate executed by an individual's attending physician confirming that person's impairment will be sufficient evidence of disability under item (iii) above, and all persons may rely conclusively on such a certificate.
- (3) **Removal of a Trustee for cause** includes, without limitation, the following: the willful or negligent mismanagement of the trust assets by that individual Trustee; the abuse or abandonment of, or inattention to, the trust by that individual Trustee; a federal or state charge against that individual Trustee involving the commission of a felony or serious misdemeanor; an act of theft, dishonesty, fraud, embezzlement, or moral turpitude by that individual Trustee; or the use of narcotics or excessive use of alcohol by that individual Trustee.
- (4) The words **will** and **shall** are used interchangeably in this Trust Agreement and mean, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, that the Trustee must take the action

indicated; as used in this Trust Agreement, the word **may** means that the Trustee has the discretionary authority to take the action but is not automatically required to do so.

11.2 Powers of Appointment. The following provisions relate to all powers of appointment under this Trust Agreement.

- (a) A **general power of appointment** granted to a person is one that can be exercised in favor of that person or his or her estate, his or her creditors, or the creditors of his or her estate.
- (b) A **special power of appointment** is any power that is not a general power.
- (c) A **testamentary power of appointment** (either general or special) is exercisable upon the powerholder's death by his or her Last Will or by a revocable trust agreement established by that person, but only by specific reference to the instrument creating the power. A "testamentary power of appointment" may not be exercised in favor of the person possessing the power.
- (d) In determining whether a person has exercised a testamentary power of appointment, the Trustee may rely upon an instrument admitted to probate in any jurisdiction as that person's Last Will, or upon any trust agreement certified to be valid and authentic by sworn statement of the trustee who is serving under that trust agreement. If the Trustee has not received written notice of such an instrument within six months after the powerholder's death, the Trustee may presume that the powerholder failed to exercise that power and will not be liable for acting in accordance with that presumption.

11.3 Notices. Any person entitled or required to give notice under this Trust Agreement shall exercise that power by a written instrument clearly setting forth the effective date of the action for which notice is being given. The instrument may be executed in counterparts.

11.4 Certifications.

(a) **Facts.** A certificate signed and acknowledged by the Trustee stating any fact affecting the Trust Estate or the Trust Agreement will be conclusive evidence of such fact in favor of any transfer agent and any other person dealing in good faith with the Trustee. The Trustee may rely on a certificate signed and acknowledged by any beneficiary stating any fact concerning the Trust beneficiaries, including dates of

1

birth, relationships, or marital status, unless an individual serving as Trustee has actual knowledge that the stated fact is false.

(b) **Copy.** Any person may rely on a copy of this instrument (in whole or in part) certified to be a true copy by the Settlor; by any person specifically named as a Trustee (or successor Trustee); by any Corporate Trustee whether or not specifically named; or, if there are none of the above, by any then serving Trustee.

11.5 Applicable Law. All matters involving the validity and interpretation of this Trust Agreement are to be governed by Florida law. Subject to the provisions of this Trust Agreement, all matters involving the administration of a trust are to be governed by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the trust has its principal place of administration.

11.6 Gender and Number. Reference in this Trust Agreement to any gender includes either masculine or feminine, as appropriate, and reference to any number includes both singular and plural where the context permits or requires. Use of descriptive titles for articles and paragraphs is for the purpose of convenience only and is not intended to restrict the application of those provisions.

11.7 Further Instruments. The Settlor agrees to execute such further instruments as may be necessary to vest the Trustee with full legal title to the property transferred to this Trust.

11.8 Binding Effect. This Trust Agreement extends to and is binding upon the Settlor's Personal Representative, successors, and assigns, and upon the Trustee.

Executed as of the date first written above.

Signed in the presence of:

Joseph M. Johnson
[Signature]

Two witnesses as to Simon Bernstein

SETTLOR

[Signature]
Simon Bernstein

Signed in the presence of:

Joseph M. Johnson
[Signature]

Two witnesses as to Traci Kratish

TRUSTEE

Traci Kratish, P.A.

[Signature] FOR TRACI KRATISH, P.A.
TRACI KRATISH, PRESIDENT
Traci Kratish, President

Schedule A
Initial Transfers to Trust

Transfer of 6 shares of LIC Holdings, Inc.

EXHIBIT C

TRUST AGREEMENT
FOR THE
DANIEL BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST

September 7, 2006

TRUST AGREEMENT
FOR THE
DANIEL BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST

SIMON BERNSTEIN, as Settlor, hereby creates the Daniel Bernstein Irrevocable Trust ("the Trust") on September 7, 2006. Traci Kratish, P.A. is the trustee of this Trust and, in that capacity, he and his successors are collectively referred to in this Trust Agreement as the "Trustee."

ARTICLE 1
BENEFICIARY

This Trust is for the benefit of the Settlor's Grandchild, DANIEL BERNSTEIN ("Beneficiary").

ARTICLE 2
TRANSFERS TO TRUST

The Settlor hereby conveys to the Trustee all his interest in the assets listed on Schedule A, which together with any assets later added to this Trust are referred to as the "Trust Estate." Any person may transfer assets to the Trust Estate, if the Trustee agrees to accept them. Assets do not have to be listed on Schedule A to be part of the Trust Estate. Unless otherwise specified in writing at the time of the transfer, those assets will be held as provided in this Trust Agreement. The Trustee acknowledges receipt of the current Trust assets and agrees to hold the Trust Estate as set forth in this Trust Agreement.

ARTICLE 3
IRREVOCABLE PROVISION

The Settlor declares that he has no right to alter, amend, modify, or revoke this Trust Agreement; to withdraw assets from the Trust; or to require changes in the investments of the Trust. No part of the Trust may ever revert to the Settlor, be used for his benefit, or be distributed in discharge of his legal obligations.

ARTICLE 4
ADMINISTRATION OF TRUST

The Trustee shall hold, administer, and distribute the Trust Estate in accordance with the powers granted under this Trust Agreement as follows:

4.1 Discretionary Distributions. The Trustee shall pay or apply such sums of principal from this Trust as in the Trustee's discretion are necessary or advisable for Beneficiary's health, education, support, and maintenance.

4.2 Distribution of Principal. When Beneficiary has reached age 21, the trustee shall distribute one-half (½) of the corpus of trust to Beneficiary plus accrued income. When Beneficiary has reached age 25 the Trustee shall distribute the entire remaining principal balance of the corpus of the trust to Beneficiary plus accrued income.

4.3 Distribution Upon Death Before Age 25. Upon the death of Beneficiary prior to age 25, the Trustee shall distribute the remaining assets in the trust to the estate of Beneficiary.

ARTICLE 5 PROVISIONS GOVERNING TRUSTEES

The following provisions apply to all Trustees appointed under this Trust Agreement:

5.1 Incapacity of Trustee. If any Trustee becomes disabled, he or she will immediately cease to act as Trustee. If a Trustee who ceases to serve because of a disability, or who is suspended, thereafter recovers from that disability or consents to the release of relevant medical information, he or she may elect to become a Trustee again by giving written notice to the then serving Trustee, and the last Trustee who undertook to serve will then cease to be a Trustee until another successor Trustee is required.

5.2 Resignation. Any Trustee may resign by giving 30 days' written notice delivered personally or by mail to any then serving Co-Trustee and to the Settlor if he is then living and not disabled; otherwise to the next named successor Trustee, or if none, to the persons having power to appoint successor Trustees.

5.3 Power to Name Other Trustees. Whenever a successor Trustee is required and that position is not filled under the terms specified in this Trust Agreement, an individual Trustee ceasing to serve (other than a Trustee being removed) may appoint his or her successor, but if none is appointed, the remaining Trustees, if any, or the beneficiary shall appoint a successor Corporate Trustee. The appointment will be by a written document (including a testamentary instrument) delivered to the appointed Trustee. In no event may the Settlor ever be appointed as the Trustee under this Trust Agreement nor shall a Successor trustee be appointed that will cause this trust to be a grantor trust.

5.4 Powers of Successor Trustees. Successor Trustees will have all powers granted to the original Trustee, except that only an Independent Trustee will succeed to the powers vested exclusively in the Independent Trustee.

5.5 Accountings. Accountings must be given to the beneficiary of each trust at least annually (quarterly if a Corporate Trustee is serving). The accountings must show the assets held in trust and all receipts and disbursements. A beneficiary's written approval of an accounting will be final and binding upon that beneficiary and all persons represented by him or her as to all matters disclosed in that accounting. In any event, if a beneficiary fails to object to an accounting within six months of receiving it, his or her approval is conclusively presumed. A successor Trustee may require the prior Trustee to render a full and final accounting.

5.6 Acts by Other Fiduciaries. The Trustee is not required to question any acts or failures to act of the fiduciary of any other trust or estate, and will not be liable for any prior fiduciary's acts or failures to act. The Trustee can require a beneficiary who requests an examination of another fiduciary's actions or omissions to advance all costs and fees incurred in the examination, and if the beneficiary does not, the Trustee may elect not to proceed or may proceed and offset those costs and fees directly against any payment that would otherwise be made to that beneficiary.

5.7 Court Supervision. The Settlor waives compliance by the Trustee with any law requiring bond, registration, qualification, or accounting to any court.

5.8 Compensation. Each Trustee is entitled to be paid reasonable compensation for services rendered in the administration of the Trust. Reasonable compensation for a Corporate Trustee will be its published fee schedule in effect when its services are rendered unless otherwise agreed in writing, and except as follows. Any fees paid to a Corporate Trustee for making principal distributions, for termination of the trust, and upon termination of its services must be based solely on the value of its services rendered, not on the value of the trust principal. During the Settlor's lifetime the Trustee's fees are to be charged wholly against income (to the extent sufficient), unless directed otherwise by the Settlor in writing.

5.9 Indemnity. Any Trustee who ceases to serve for any reason will be entitled to receive (and the continuing Trustee shall make suitable arrangements to provide) reasonable indemnification and security to protect and hold that Trustee harmless from any damage or liability of any nature that may be imposed upon it because of its actions or omissions while serving as Trustee. This protection, however, does not extend to a Trustee's negligent actions or omissions that clearly and demonstrably result in damage or liability. A prior Trustee may enforce these provisions against the current Trustee or against any assets held in the Trust, or if the prior Trustee is an individual, against any beneficiary to the extent of distributions received by that beneficiary. This indemnification right will extend to the estate, personal representatives, legal successors, and assigns of a Trustee.

5.10 Successor Trustee. In the event the initial Trustee, Steven I. Greenwald, resigns or ceases to serve as Trustee, then and in that event, I hereby appoint Larry V. Bishins to serve as Trustee.

**ARTICLE 6
PROTECTION OF INTERESTS**

The interest of any beneficiary under this Trust Agreement, in either income or principal, may not be anticipated, alienated, or in any other manner assigned by the beneficiary, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, and will not be subject to any legal process, bankruptcy proceedings, or the interference or control of the beneficiary's creditors or others.

**ARTICLE 7
FIDUCIARY POWERS**

The Settlor grants to the Trustee full power to deal freely with any property in the Trust. The Trustee may exercise these powers independently and without the approval of any court. No person dealing with the Trustee need inquire into the propriety of any of its actions or into the application of any funds or assets. The Trustee shall, however, exercise all powers in a fiduciary capacity for the best interest of the beneficiary of this Trust or any trust created under it. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee is given the following discretionary powers in addition to any other powers conferred by law:

7.1 Type of Assets. Except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to hold funds uninvested for such periods as the Trustee deems prudent, and to invest in any assets the Trustee deems advisable even though they are not technically recognized or specifically listed in so-called "legal lists," without responsibility for depreciation or loss on account of those investments, or because those investments are non-productive, as long as the Trustee acts in good faith.

7.2 Original Assets. Except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to retain the original assets it receives for as long as it deems best, and to dispose of those assets when it deems advisable, even though such assets, because of their character or lack of diversification, would otherwise be considered improper investments for the Trustee.

7.3 Tangible Personal Property. To receive and hold tangible personal property; to pay or refrain from paying storage and insurance charges for such property; and to permit any beneficiaries to use such property without either the Trustee or beneficiaries incurring any liability for wear, tear, and obsolescence of the property.

7.4 Specific Securities. To invest in assets, securities, or interests in securities of any nature, including (without limit) commodities, options, futures, precious metals, currencies, and in domestic and foreign markets and in mutual or investment

funds, including funds for which the Trustee or any affiliate performs services for additional fees, whether as custodian, transfer agent, investment advisor or otherwise, or in securities distributed, underwritten, or issued by the Trustee or by syndicates of which it is a member; to trade on credit or margin accounts (whether secured or unsecured); and to pledge assets of the Trust Estate for that purpose.

7.5 Property Transactions. To buy, sell, pledge, exchange, or lease any real or personal property, publicly or privately, for cash or credit, without court approval and upon the terms and conditions that the Trustee deems advisable; to execute deeds, leases, contracts, bills of sale, notes, mortgages, security instruments, and other written instruments; to abandon or dispose of any real or personal property in the Trust which has little or no monetary or useful value; to improve, repair, insure, subdivide and vacate any property; to erect, alter or demolish buildings; to adjust boundaries; and to impose easements, restrictions, and covenants as the Trustee sees fit. A lease will be valid and binding for its full term even if it extends beyond the full duration of the Trust.

7.6 Borrow Money. To borrow money from any source (including the Trustee in its nonfiduciary capacity), to guarantee indebtedness, and to secure the loan or guaranty by mortgage or other security interest.

7.7 Maintain Assets. To expend whatever funds it deems proper for the preservation, maintenance, or improvement of assets. The Trustee in its discretion may elect any options or settlements or exercise any rights under all insurance policies that it holds. However, no fiduciary who is the insured of any insurance policy held in the Trust may exercise any rights or have any incidents of ownership with respect to the policy, including the power to change the beneficiary, to surrender or cancel the policy, to assign the policy, to revoke any assignment, to pledge the policy for a loan, or to obtain from the insurer a loan against the surrender value of the policy. All such power is to be exercised solely by the remaining Trustee, if any, or if none, by a special fiduciary appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.8 Advisors. To employ and compensate attorneys, accountants, advisors, financial consultants, managers, agents, and assistants (including any individual or entity who provides investment advisory or management services, or who furnishes professional assistance in making investments for the Trust) without liability for any act of those persons, if they are selected and retained with reasonable care. Fees may be paid from the Trust Estate even if the services were rendered in connection with ancillary proceedings.

7.9 Indirect Distributions. To make distributions, whether of principal or income, to any person under age 21 or to any incapacitated person according to the terms of this Trust Agreement by making distributions directly to that person whether or not that person has a guardian; to the parent, guardian, or spouse of that person; to a custodial account established by the Trustee or others for that person under an applicable Uniform

Gift to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act; to any adult who resides in the same household with that person or who is otherwise responsible for the care and well-being of that person; or by applying any distribution for the benefit of that person in any manner the Trustee deems proper. The receipt of the person to whom payment is made will constitute full discharge of the Trustee with respect to that payment. No distributions may be made to the Settlor under this Section.

7.10 Non-Pro Rata Distribution. To make any division or distribution in money or in kind, or both, without allocating the same kind of property to all shares or distributees, and without regard to the income tax basis of the property. Any division will be binding and conclusive on all parties.

7.11 Nominee. Except as prohibited by law, to hold any assets in the name of a nominee without disclosing the fiduciary relationship; to hold the property unregistered, without affecting its liability; and to hold securities endorsed in blank, in street certificates, at a depository trust company, or in a book entry system.

7.12 Custodian. To employ a custodian or agent ("the Custodian") located anywhere within the United States, at the discretion of the Trustee but at the expense of the Trust, whether or not such Custodian is an affiliate of the Trustee or any person rendering services to the Trust; to register securities in the name of the Custodian or a nominee thereof without designation of fiduciary capacity; and to appoint the Custodian to perform such other ministerial functions as the Trustee may direct. While such securities are in the custody of the Custodian, the Trustee will be under no obligation to inspect or verify such securities nor will the Trustee be responsible for any loss by the Custodian.

7.13 Settle Claims. To contest, compromise, arbitrate, or otherwise adjust claims in favor of or against the Trust, to agree to any rescission or modification of any contract or agreement, and to refrain from instituting any suit or action unless indemnified for reasonable costs and expenses.

7.14 Corporate Rights. To vote and exercise any option, right, or privilege to purchase or to convert bonds, notes, stock (including shares or fractional shares of stock of any Corporate Trustee), securities, or other property; to borrow money for the purpose of exercising any such option, right, or privilege; to delegate those rights to an agent; to enter into voting trusts and other agreements or subscriptions; to participate in any type of liquidation or reorganization of any enterprise; and to write and sell covered call options, puts, calls, straddles, or other methods of buying or selling securities, as well as all related transactions.

7.15 Partnership Interests. To hold interests in sole proprietorships, general or limited partnerships, joint ventures, business trusts, land trusts, limited liability companies, and other domestic and foreign forms of organizations; and to exercise all

rights in connection with such interests as the Trustee deems appropriate, including any powers applicable to a non-admitted transferee of any such interest.

7.16 Self-Dealing. To exercise all its powers even though it may also be acting individually or on behalf of any other person or entity interested in the same matters. The Trustee, however, shall exercise these powers at all times in a fiduciary capacity, primarily in the interest of the beneficiaries of the Trust. Despite any other provision of this Trust Agreement, no Trustee may participate in the decision to make a discretionary distribution that would discharge a legal support obligation of that Trustee. No Trustee who has made a disclaimer, either individually or as a Trustee, may exercise any discretion in determining the recipient of the disclaimed property. All power to make such distributions, or to determine recipients of disclaimed property, will be exercised solely by the remaining Trustees, if any, or if there are no other Trustees then serving, by the person or persons named to serve as the next successor Trustee, or if there are none, by a special Trustee appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.17 Expenses. An Independent Trustee may determine how expenses of administration and receipts are to be apportioned between principal and income.

7.18 Terminate Small Trusts. To exercise its discretion to refrain from funding or to terminate any trust whenever the value of the principal of that trust would be or is too small to administer economically, and to distribute the remaining principal and all accumulated income of the trust as provided in Section 7.9 to the income beneficiary of that trust. The Trustee shall exercise this power to terminate in its discretion as it deems prudent for the best interest of the beneficiaries at that time. This power cannot be exercised by the Settlor or any beneficiary, either alone or in conjunction with any other Trustee, but must be exercised solely by the other Trustee, or if none, by a special Trustee appointed for that purpose by a court having jurisdiction.

7.19 Allocations to Income and Principal. To treat premiums and discounts on bonds and other obligations for the payment of money in accordance with either generally accepted accounting principles or tax accounting principles and, except as otherwise provided to the contrary, to hold nonproductive assets without allocating any principal to income, despite any laws or rules to the contrary. The Trustee in its discretion may exercise the power described in Section 738.104 of the Florida Statutes to adjust between principal and income, as appropriate, and, in addition, may convert any income interest into a unitrust interest, or a unitrust interest to an income interest, as it sees fit, all as provided in Section 738.1041 of the Florida Statutes, despite any provision of those sections to the contrary.

7.20 Use of Income. Except as otherwise provided in this Trust Agreement, and in addition to all other available sources, to exercise its discretion in the use of income from the assets of the Trust to satisfy the liabilities described in this Trust Agreement, without accountability to any beneficiary.

7.21 Valuations. In making distributions or allocations under the terms of this Trust Agreement to be valued as of a particular date, the Trustee may use asset valuations obtained for a date reasonably close to that particular date (such as a quarterly closing date before or after that date) if, in the Trustee's judgment, obtaining appraisals or other determinations of value on that date would result in unnecessary expense, and if in the Trustee's judgment, the fair market value as determined is substantially the same as on that actual date. This paragraph will not apply if valuation on a specific date is required to preserve a qualification for a tax benefit, including any deduction, credit, or most favorable allocation of an exemption.

7.22 Incorporation. To incorporate any business or venture, and to continue any unincorporated business that the Trustee determines to be not advisable to incorporate.

7.23 Delegation. To delegate periodically among themselves the authority to perform any act of administration of any trust.

7.24 Advances. To make cash advances or loans to beneficiaries, with or without security.

7.25 Investment Manager. To employ any investment management service, financial institution, or similar organization to advise the Trustee and to handle all investments of the Trust and to render all accountings of funds held on its behalf under custodial, agency, or other agreements. If the Trustee is an individual, these costs may be paid as an expense of administration in addition to fees and commissions.

7.26 Depreciation. To deduct from all receipts attributable to depreciable property a reasonable allowance for depreciation, computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied.

7.27 Disclaim Assets or Powers. To disclaim any assets otherwise passing or any fiduciary powers pertaining to any trust created hereunder, by execution of an instrument of disclaimer meeting the requirements of applicable law generally imposed upon individuals executing disclaimers. No notice to or consent of any beneficiary, other interested person, or any court is required for any such disclaimer, and the Trustee is to be held harmless for any decision to make or not make such a disclaimer.

7.28 Transfer Situs. To transfer the situs of any trust or any trust property to any other jurisdiction as often as the Trustee deems advisable, and if necessary to appoint a substitute or ancillary Trustee to act with respect to that property. The Trustee may delegate to the substitute Trustee any or all of the powers given to the Trustee; may elect to act as advisor to the substitute Trustee and receive reasonable compensation for that service; and may remove any acting or substitute Trustee and appoint another, or reappoint itself, at will.

7.29 Related Parties. To enter into any transaction on behalf of the Trust despite the fact that another party to that transaction may be: (i) a business or trust controlled by the Trustee, or of which the Trustee, or any director, officer, or employee of the Corporate Trustee, is also a director, officer, or employee; (ii) an affiliate or business associate of any beneficiary or the Trustee; or (iii) a beneficiary or Trustee under this Trust Agreement acting individually, or any relative of such a party.

7.30 Additional Powers for Income-Producing Real Estate. In addition to the other powers set forth above or otherwise conferred by law, the Trustee has the following powers with respect to any income-producing real property which is or may become a part of the Trust Estate:

- To retain and operate the property for as long as it deems advisable;
- To control, direct, and manage the property, determining the manner and extent of its active participation in these operations, and to delegate all or any part of its supervisory power to other persons that it selects;
- To hire and discharge employees, fix their compensation, and define their duties;
- To invest funds in other land holdings and to use those funds for all improvements, operations, or other similar purposes;
- Except as otherwise provided with respect to mandatory income distributions, to retain any amount of the net earnings for working capital and other purposes that it deems advisable in conformity with sound and efficient management; and
- To purchase and sell machinery, equipment, and supplies of all kinds as needed for the operation and maintenance of the land holdings.

ARTICLE 8 SUBCHAPTER S STOCK

Despite any other provisions of this Trust Agreement, if a trust created in this instrument is to become the owner of, or already owns, stock in a corporation that has an election in effect (or one that proposes to make an election) under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code (an "S Corporation"), and that trust would not otherwise be permitted to be an S Corporation shareholder, the following provisions will apply:

8.1 Electing Small Business Trust. The Trustee in its discretion may elect for the trust to become an Electing Small Business Trust ("ESBT") as defined in the Internal Revenue Code.

8.2 Qualified Subchapter S Trust. If the Trustee does not cause the trust to become an ESBT, the Trustee shall set aside the S Corporation stock in a separate trust for the current income beneficiary of such trust, so that a Qualified Subchapter S Trust ("QSST") election under Section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code can be filed with respect to that trust. The Trustee shall hold each share as a separate QSST for the persons described above, and each such person will be the sole beneficiary of his or her QSST. To the greatest extent possible, the Trustee shall administer each QSST under the terms of the trust from which it was derived, but subject to the following overriding provisions:

(a) **Consent.** The Trustee shall notify the beneficiary of each separate trust promptly that a QSST election must be filed with the Internal Revenue Service. Thereafter, each beneficiary shall file a timely and proper QSST election with the Internal Revenue Service. If a beneficiary fails or refuses to make the QSST election, the Trustee shall make an ESBT election for that trust. If the beneficiary does make the QSST election, then his or her separate trust will be administered as set forth below.

(b) **Income Payments.** During the beneficiary's life, the Trustee shall pay all net income of the trust to the beneficiary (and only to that beneficiary) in quarterly or more frequent installments. The beneficiary's income interest in the trust will terminate on the earlier of his or her death or the termination of the trust under its terms.

(c) **Principal Invasions.** If the beneficiary is otherwise entitled to receive principal distributions, the Trustee may distribute principal from that separate trust during the beneficiary's life only to or for the benefit of that beneficiary (and no one else).

(d) **Final Distribution.** If the QSST is terminated during the beneficiary's life, the Trustee shall distribute all remaining assets of that separate trust to that beneficiary. If the beneficiary dies before that trust's termination, all remaining assets of the QSST are to be distributed as provided in the original trust, but subject to this article.

(e) **Termination of QSST Status.** If a separate trust would cease to qualify as an S Corporation shareholder, the Trustee in its discretion may: (i) make an ESBT election for that separate trust, or (ii) distribute all S Corporation stock to the beneficiary. The Trustee in its discretion also may convert a QSST to an ESBT, whether or not the beneficiary has consented to QSST treatment and, if the beneficiary consents, may convert an ESBT into a QSST.

ARTICLE 9
PERPETUITIES PROVISION

Despite any contrary provisions of this Trust Agreement, from the creation of this Trust and for up to 21 years after the death of the last of the Settlor's grandparents' descendants who are living at the creation of this Trust, a trust beneficiary (which includes persons succeeding to the interest of a deceased beneficiary) will be entitled to terminating distributions only at the ages specified in this Trust Agreement. In all events, however, the share of each beneficiary will vest (in the beneficiary or his or her estate) immediately prior to the expiration of the 21 year period described above.

ARTICLE 10
ADMINISTRATION AND CONSTRUCTION

10.1 Rules for Distributions. In making distributions to beneficiaries under this Trust Agreement, the Trustee must use the following criteria.

(a) **Other Resources.** Whenever the Trustee has the authority to decide how much to distribute to or for the benefit of a beneficiary, the Trustee can make decisions without taking into account any information about the beneficiary's other available income and resources. The Trustee can make payments directly to a beneficiary or to other persons for the beneficiary's benefit, but it does not have to make payments to a court appointed guardian.

(b) **Trustee's Decision.** Absent clear and convincing evidence of bad faith, the Trustee's decisions as to amounts to be distributed will be final.

(c) **Standard of Living.** Distributions to a beneficiary for health, education, support, or maintenance are to be based on his or her standard of living, determined as of the date of the distribution.

10.2 Funding Gifts. The following rules will apply to funding gifts under this Trust Agreement.

(a) **Pecuniary Gifts.** All pecuniary gifts under this Trust Agreement that are paid by an in-kind distribution of assets must use values having an aggregate fair market value at the date or dates of distribution equal to the amount of this gift as finally determined for federal estate tax purposes.

(b) **Adjustments.** The Trustee shall select one or more dates of allocation or distribution for purposes of satisfying gifts and funding shares or trusts. The Trustee may make allocations before the final determination of federal estate tax, with those allocations being based upon the information then available to the Trustee,

and may thereafter adjust properties among the shares or trusts if it is determined that the allocation should have been made differently.

10.3 Accumulated Income. Any income not distributed to the beneficiaries pursuant to either a mandatory direction or a discretionary power is to be incorporated into principal, at such intervals as the Trustee deems convenient.

10.4 Estate Tax on Included Property. If assets of any trust created under this Trust Agreement are included in a beneficiary's estate for federal estate tax purposes, the following will apply.

(a) **Appointed Assets.** If the beneficiary exercises a power of appointment over those assets, the Trustee is authorized to withhold from those assets the amount of estate taxes apportioned to them by applicable law, if the beneficiary does not make provisions for the payment of those taxes from other sources.

(b) **Other Assets.** If the beneficiary does not have or does not exercise a power of appointment over those assets, the Trustee will pay the estate taxes attributable to those assets. The estate taxes attributable to those assets will be the amount that the beneficiary's estate taxes are increased over the amount those taxes would have been if those assets had not been included in the beneficiary's gross estate.

(c) **Certification and Payment.** The Trustee may rely upon a written certification by the beneficiary's personal representative of the amount of the estate taxes, and may pay those taxes directly or to the personal representative of the beneficiary's estate. The Trustee will not be held liable for making payments as directed by the beneficiary's personal representative.

10.5 Transactions With Other Entities. The Trustee may buy assets from other estates or trusts, or make loans to them, so that funds will be available to pay claims, taxes, and expenses. The Trustee can make those purchases or loans even if it serves as the fiduciary of that estate or trust, and on whatever terms and conditions the Trustee thinks are appropriate, except that the terms of any transaction must be commercially reasonable.

ARTICLE 11 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

11.1 Definitions. As used in this Trust Agreement, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

(a) **Trustees.**

- (1) **Independent Trustee** means a trustee of a particular trust, either individual or corporate, who is not the Settlor or a beneficiary, and who is not a Related Person as to the Settlor or a beneficiary (if the Settlor or the beneficiary, respectively, is living and participated in that person's appointment). For purposes of this definition a beneficiary is a person who is a permissible distributee of income or principal, or someone with an interest in the trust in excess of five percent (5%) of its value, assuming a maximum exercise of discretion in his or her favor. Whenever this Trust Agreement requires an action be taken by, or in the discretion of, an Independent Trustee but no such Trustee is then serving, a court may appoint an Independent Trustee to serve as an additional Trustee whose sole function and duty will be to exercise the specified power.
- (2) **Corporate Trustee** means a trustee that is a bank, trust company, or other entity authorized to serve as a trustee under the laws of the United States or any state thereof that is not a Related Person to the Settlor. A bank or trust company that does not meet this requirement cannot serve as Trustee.

(b) **Internal Revenue Code Terms.**

- (1) **Internal Revenue Code** means the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, or successor provisions of future federal internal revenue laws.
- (2) The terms **health, education, support, and maintenance** are intended to set forth an "ascertainable standard," as described in the Internal Revenue Code and its associated Regulations. To the extent not inconsistent with the foregoing, "health" means a beneficiary's physical and mental health, including but not limited to payments for examinations, surgical, dental, or other treatment, medication, counseling, hospitalization, and health insurance premiums; "education" means elementary, secondary, post-secondary, graduate, or professional schooling in an accredited institution, public or private, or attendance at other formal programs in furtherance of the beneficiary's spiritual, athletic, or artistic education, including but not limited to payments for tuition, books,

fees, assessments, equipment, tutoring, transportation, and reasonable living expenses.

- (3) **Related Person** as to a particular individual is someone who is deemed to be "related or subordinate" to that individual under Section 672(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (as though that individual was a grantor).

(c) **Other Terms.**

- (1) Distributions that are to be made to a person's **descendants, per stirpes**, will be divided into equal shares, so that there will be one share for each living child (if any) of that person and one share for each deceased child who has then living descendants. The share of each deceased child will be further divided among his or her descendants on a per stirpes basis, by reapplying the preceding rule to that deceased child and his or her descendants as many times as necessary.
- (2) **Disabled or under a disability** means (i) being under the legal age of majority, (ii) having been adjudicated to be incapacitated, or (iii) being unable to manage properly personal or financial affairs because of a mental or physical impairment (whether temporary or permanent in nature). A written certificate executed by an individual's attending physician confirming that person's impairment will be sufficient evidence of disability under item (iii) above, and all persons may rely conclusively on such a certificate.
- (3) Removal of a Trustee **for cause** includes, without limitation, the following: the willful or negligent mismanagement of the trust assets by that individual Trustee; the abuse or abandonment of, or inattention to, the trust by that individual Trustee; a federal or state charge against that individual Trustee involving the commission of a felony or serious misdemeanor; an act of theft, dishonesty, fraud, embezzlement, or moral turpitude by that individual Trustee; or the use of narcotics or excessive use of alcohol by that individual Trustee.
- (4) The words **will** and **shall** are used interchangeably in this Trust Agreement and mean, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, that the Trustee must take the action

indicated; as used in this Trust Agreement, the word **may** means that the Trustee has the discretionary authority to take the action but is not automatically required to do so.

11.2 Powers of Appointment. The following provisions relate to all powers of appointment under this Trust Agreement.

- (a) A **general power of appointment** granted to a person is one that can be exercised in favor of that person or his or her estate, his or her creditors, or the creditors of his or her estate.
- (b) A **special power of appointment** is any power that is not a general power.
- (c) A **testamentary power of appointment** (either general or special) is exercisable upon the powerholder's death by his or her Last Will or by a revocable trust agreement established by that person, but only by specific reference to the instrument creating the power. A "testamentary power of appointment" may not be exercised in favor of the person possessing the power.
- (d) In determining whether a person has exercised a testamentary power of appointment, the Trustee may rely upon an instrument admitted to probate in any jurisdiction as that person's Last Will, or upon any trust agreement certified to be valid and authentic by sworn statement of the trustee who is serving under that trust agreement. If the Trustee has not received written notice of such an instrument within six months after the powerholder's death, the Trustee may presume that the powerholder failed to exercise that power and will not be liable for acting in accordance with that presumption.

11.3 Notices. Any person entitled or required to give notice under this Trust Agreement shall exercise that power by a written instrument clearly setting forth the effective date of the action for which notice is being given. The instrument may be executed in counterparts.

11.4 Certifications.

(a) **Facts.** A certificate signed and acknowledged by the Trustee stating any fact affecting the Trust Estate or the Trust Agreement will be conclusive evidence of such fact in favor of any transfer agent and any other person dealing in good faith with the Trustee. The Trustee may rely on a certificate signed and acknowledged by any beneficiary stating any fact concerning the Trust beneficiaries, including dates of

birth, relationships, or marital status, unless an individual serving as Trustee has actual knowledge that the stated fact is false.

(b) **Copy.** Any person may rely on a copy of this instrument (in whole or in part) certified to be a true copy by the Settlor; by any person specifically named as a Trustee (or successor Trustee); by any Corporate Trustee whether or not specifically named; or, if there are none of the above, by any then serving Trustee.

11.5 Applicable Law. All matters involving the validity and interpretation of this Trust Agreement are to be governed by Florida law. Subject to the provisions of this Trust Agreement, all matters involving the administration of a trust are to be governed by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the trust has its principal place of administration.

11.6 Gender and Number. Reference in this Trust Agreement to any gender includes either masculine or feminine, as appropriate, and reference to any number includes both singular and plural where the context permits or requires. Use of descriptive titles for articles and paragraphs is for the purpose of convenience only and is not intended to restrict the application of those provisions.

11.7 Further Instruments. The Settlor agrees to execute such further instruments as may be necessary to vest the Trustee with full legal title to the property transferred to this Trust.

11.8 Binding Effect. This Trust Agreement extends to and is binding upon the Settlor's Personal Representative, successors, and assigns, and upon the Trustee.

Schedule A
Initial Transfers to Trust

Transfer of 6 shares of LIC Holdings, Inc.

EXHIBIT D

Report Selection Criteria**Case ID:** 502010CP003123XXXXSB**Docket Start Date:****Docket Ending Date:****Case Description****Case ID:** 502010CP003123XXXXSB**Case Caption:** INRE DANIEL BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST**Division:** NY - COLIN**Filing Date:** Wednesday, July 07th, 2010**Court:** CP - PROBATE**Location:** SB - SOUTH BRANCH**Jury:** N-Non Jury**Type:** TR - TRUST**Status:** PE - PENDING**Related Cases**502012CP004391XXXXSB**Case Event Schedule***No case events were found.***Case Parties**

Seq #	Assoc	Expn Date	Type	ID	Name	Aliases:	
1			IN RE	@2312297	BERNSTEIN, DANIEL	Aliases:	none
2			PETITIONER	@2312298	BERNSTEIN, ELIOT	Aliases:	none
3			PETITIONER	@2312299	BERNSTEIN, CANDICE	Aliases:	none

4	2		ATTORNEY	<u>0497381</u>	SPALLINA, ROBERT L	Aliases:	<i>none</i>
5			JUDGE	<u>Y</u>	COLIN, JUDGE MARTIN H	Aliases:	<i>none</i>
6	3		ATTORNEY	<u>0497381</u>	SPALLINA, ROBERT L	Aliases:	<i>none</i>

Docket Entries

Docket Number	Docket Type	Book and Page No.	Attached To:
	00000 - ADDITIONAL COMMENTS		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	510FF - CPFF/TR		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	PE - PENDING		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	RCPT - RECEIPT FOR PAYMENT		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			

Docket Text:	A Payment of -\$410.00 was made on receipt SBCV49660.		
1	ORD - ORDER		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:	BERNSTEIN, ELIOT		
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE		
2	ORD - ORDER		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:	COLIN, JUDGE MARTIN H		
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	FINAL ORD ON PET		

EXHIBIT E

Report Selection Criteria

Case ID: 502010CP003125XXXXSB
Docket Start Date:
Docket Ending Date:

Case Description

Case ID: 502010CP003125XXXXSB
Case Caption: INRE JAKE BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST
Division: IY - COLIN
Filing Date: Wednesday, July 07th, 2010
Court: CP - PROBATE
Location: SB - SOUTH BRANCH
Jury: N-Non Jury
Type: TR - TRUST
Status: PE - PENDING

Related Cases

502012CP004391XXXXSB

Case Event Schedule

No case events were found.

Case Parties

Seq #	Assoc	Expn Date	Type	ID	Name	Aliases:	
1			IN RE	@2312319	BERNSTEIN, JAKE	Aliases:	none
2			PETITIONER	@2312320	BERNSTEIN, ELIOT	Aliases:	none
3			PETITIONER	@2312321	BERNSTEIN, CANDICE	Aliases:	none

4	2		ATTORNEY	<u>0497381</u>	SPALLINA, ROBERT L	Aliases:	<i>none</i>
5	3		ATTORNEY	<u>0497381</u>	SPALLINA, ROBERT L	Aliases:	<i>none</i>
6			JUDGE	<u>Y</u>	COLIN, JUDGE MARTIN H	Aliases:	<i>none</i>

Docket Entries

Docket Number	Docket Type	Book and Page No.	Attached To:
	00000 - ADDITIONAL COMMENTS		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	510FF - CPFF/TR		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	PE - PENDING		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	RCPT - RECEIPT FOR PAYMENT		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			

Docket Text:	A Payment of -\$410.00 was made on receipt SBCV49660.		
1	ORD - ORDER		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:	BERNSTEIN, CANDICE		
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE		
2	ORD - ORDER		
Filing Date:	08-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:	COLIN, JUDGE MARTIN H		
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	FINAL ORD ON PET		

EXHIBIT F

Report Selection Criteria

Case ID: 502010CP003128XXXXSB

Docket Start Date:

Docket Ending Date:

Case Description

Case ID: 502010CP003128XXXXSB

Case Caption: INRE JOSHUA Z BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST

Division: IY - COLIN

Filing Date: Wednesday, July 07th, 2010

Court: CP - PROBATE

Location: SB - SOUTH BRANCH

Jury: N-Non Jury

Type: TR - TRUST

Status: PE - PENDING

Related Cases

502012CP004391XXXXSB

Case Event Schedule

No case events were found.

Case Parties

Seq #	Assoc	Expn Date	Type	ID	Name	Aliases:	
1			IN RE	@2312344	BERNSTEIN, JOSHUA Z	<i>none</i>	
2			PETITIONER	@2312345	BERNSTEIN, ELIOT	<i>none</i>	
3			PETITIONER	@2312346	BERNSTEIN, CANDICE	<i>none</i>	

4	2		ATTORNEY	<u>0497381</u>	SPALLINA, ROBERT L	Aliases: <i>none</i>
5	3		ATTORNEY	<u>0497381</u>	SPALLINA, ROBERT L	Aliases: <i>none</i>
6			JUDGE	<u>Y</u>	COLIN, JUDGE MARTIN H	Aliases: <i>none</i>

Docket Entries

Docket Number	Docket Type	Book and Page No.	Attached To:
	00000 - ADDITIONAL COMMENTS		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	510FF - CPFF/TR		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	PE - PENDING		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		
Filing Party:			
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:	<i>none.</i>		
	RCPT - RECEIPT FOR PAYMENT		
Filing Date:	07-JUL-2010		

Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:		A Payment of -\$410.00 was made on receipt SBCV49660.	
1	PET - PETITION		
Filing Date:		07-JUL-2010	
Filing Party:		BERNSTEIN, CANDICE	
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:		TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE	
2	ORD - ORDER		
Filing Date:		08-JUL-2010	
Filing Party:		COLIN, JUDGE MARTIN H	
Disposition Amount:			
Docket Text:		FINAL ORD ON PET	

EXHIBIT G

2010 JUL - 8 AM 9:43
SHARON R. BOOK
PALM BEACH COUNTY
SOUTH CITY BRANCH OFFICE

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

In Re: DANIEL BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST
TRUST dated September 7, 2006

PROBATE DIVISION
FILE NUMBER:

502010CP00 3123 XXXXSB

FINAL ORDER ON PETITION TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE

THIS CAUSE came before the Court on the Petition to Appoint Successor Trustee filed by ELIOT BERNSTEIN and CANDICE BERNSTEIN as parents and natural guardians of DANIEL BERNSTEIN, a minor, as sole beneficiary of the DANIEL BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, and the Court, after reviewing the Petition, hearing argument of counsel, and being otherwise fully advised in the premises holds as follows:

- (A) All parties are before this Court, either by appearance, waiver and consent, or representation by counsel.
- (B) This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Sections 736.0201 and 736.0202 of the Florida Statutes to grant the relief requested.
- (C) Oppenheimer Trust Company is hereby appointed as successor Trustee of the DANIEL BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST dated September 7, 2006.

Done and Ordered in Chambers at Palm Beach County, Florida this 8 day of July 2010.



CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE



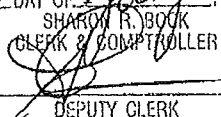
STATE OF FLORIDA • PALM BEACH COUNTY
I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the record in my office.
THIS 8 DAY OF July, 2010
SHARON R. BOOK
CLERK & COMPTROLLER
By  DEPUTY CLERK

EXHIBIT H

2010 JUL - 8 AM 9:43
SHARON R. BARK
PALM BEACH COUNTY
SOUTH CITY BRANCH

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

In Re: JAKE BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST dated September 7, 2006

PROBATE DIVISION
FILE NUMBER:

502010CP003125XXXXSB

FINAL ORDER ON PETITION TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE

THIS CAUSE came before the Court on the Petition to Appoint Successor Trustee filed by ELIOT BERNSTEIN and CANDICE BERNSTEIN as parents and natural guardians of JAKE BERNSTEIN, a minor, as sole beneficiary of the JAKE BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, and the Court, after reviewing the Petition, hearing argument of counsel, and being otherwise fully advised in the premises holds as follows:

- (A) All parties are before this Court, either by appearance, waiver and consent, or representation by counsel.
- (B) This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Sections 736.0201 and 736.0202 of the Florida Statutes to grant the relief requested.
- (C) Oppenheimer Trust Company is hereby appointed as successor Trustee of the JAKE BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST dated September 7, 2006.

Done and Ordered in Chambers at Palm Beach County, Florida this 8 day of July 2010.



CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE



STATE OF FLORIDA - PALM BEACH COUNTY

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the record in my office.

THIS 8 DAY OF July, 2010

SHARON R. BARK
CLERK & COMPTROLLER

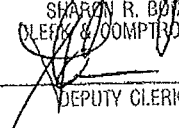
By 
DEPUTY CLERK

EXHIBIT I

2010 JUL - 8 AM 9:43
SHARON R. ROCK
PALM BEACH COUNTY
SOUTH CITY BRANCH

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

In Re: JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST dated September 7, 2006

PROBATE DIVISION:
FILE NUMBER:

502010 CP 003128XXXX58

FINAL ORDER ON PETITION TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE

THIS CAUSE came before the Court on the Petition to Appoint Successor Trustee filed by ELIOT BERNSTEIN and CANDICE BERNSTEIN as parents and natural guardians of JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN, a minor, as sole beneficiary of the JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, and the Court, after reviewing the Petition, hearing argument of counsel, and being otherwise fully advised in the premises holds as follows:

- (A) All parties are before this Court, either by appearance, waiver and consent, or representation by counsel.
- (B) This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Sections 736.0201 and 736.0202 of the Florida Statutes to grant the relief requested.
- (C) Oppenheimer Trust Company is hereby appointed as successor Trustee of the JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST dated September 7, 2006.

Done and Ordered in Chambers at Palm Beach County, Florida this 8 day of July 2010.



CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE



STATE OF FLORIDA • PALM BEACH COUNTY

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the record in my office.

THIS 8 DAY OF July, 2010

SHARON R. ROCK
CLERK & COMPTROLLER

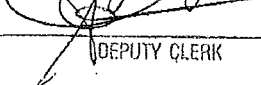
By 
DEPUTY CLERK

EXHIBIT J

Lori E. Politis, FRP

From: Eliot Ivan Bernstein <iviewit@iviewit.tv>
Sent: Monday, August 25, 2014 10:21 AM
To: Steven A. Lessne
Cc: Caroline Prochotska Rogers Esq.; Michele M. Mulrooney ~ Partner @ Venable LLP;
Andrew R. Dietz @ Rock It Cargo USA; Mark R. Manceri, Esquere @ Mark R. Manceri,
P.A.; Marc R. Garber Esq.; Marc R. Garber Esq. @ Flaster Greenberg P.C.;
tourcandy@gmail.com; 'Eliot Bernstein'
Subject: Waiver of Service of Process

Steven,

I will take that as you are refusing to Waive Service and refusal to cooperate in your own lawsuit and will promptly send a Marshal and notify the Court of your lack of cooperation. Since, I have told you already I am not sure you are the legal Trustee and I am not sure I could be therefore a successor and based on the incomplete documents remain uncertain, that I would welcome a Court to decide how the transfer shall go. Due to the Fraudulently Notarized Documents and Forged Documents in my parents estates and trusts found already and lacking fully signed documents showing BFR and the children's trusts at this time I am certain you understand my position. I have turned these matters as well over to civil and criminal authorities and your clients involvement so I would like to wait for all of those efforts to also ascertain what happened and who is responsible first and I think my counter complaint will address that.

You have now been served a Counter Complaint with a waiver of service and as such I wondered if you have counsel for your other capacities as Defendant both personally and professionally and counsel for your firm who is also served? If you are refusing to talk to me in those capacities, again, especially where this is your lawsuit who should I contact for you and who shall I contact for the firm.

Thank you,
Eliot



I  VIEW  IT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
Surf with Vision

Eliot I. Bernstein
Inventor
Iviewit Holdings, Inc. – DL
Iviewit Holdings, Inc. – DL (yes, two identically named)
Iviewit Holdings, Inc. – FL
Iviewit Technologies, Inc. – DL
Uviewit Holdings, Inc. - DL
Uview.com, Inc. – DL
Iviewit.com, Inc. – FL
Iviewit.com, Inc. – DL
I.C., Inc. – FL

Iviewit.com LLC – DL
Iviewit LLC – DL
Iviewit Corporation – FL
Iviewit, Inc. – FL
Iviewit, Inc. – DL
Iviewit Corporation
2753 N.W. 34th St.
Boca Raton, Florida 33434-3459
(561) 245.8588 (o)
(561) 886.7628 (c)
(561) 245-8644 (f)
iviewit@iviewit.tv
<http://www.iviewit.tv>
<http://iviewit.tv/inventor/index.htm>
<http://iviewit.tv/wordpress>
<http://www.facebook.com/#!/iviewit>
<http://www.myspace.com/iviewit>
<http://iviewit.tv/wordpresseliot>
<http://www.youtube.com/user/eliotbernstein?feature=mhum>
<http://www.TheDivineConstitution.com>

Also, check out

Eliot's Testimony at the NY Senate Judiciary Committee Hearings Professional Video courtesy of NY Senate, my fav part at end
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7oHKs_crYIs

Eliot's Testimony at the NY Senate Judiciary Committee Hearings Professional Video Handheld Camera View, my favorite version at the very end
<http://youtu.be/3Q9MzqZv4lw>

and

Christine Anderson New York Supreme Court Attorney Ethics Expert Whistleblower Testimony, FOX IN THE HENHOUSE and LAW WHOLLY VIOLATED TOP DOWN EXPOSING JUST HOW WALL STREET / GREED STREET / FRAUD STREET MELTED DOWN AND WHY NO PROSECUTIONS OR RECOVERY OF STOLEN FUNDS HAS BEEN MADE. Anderson in US Fed Court Fingers, US Attorneys, DA's, ADA's, the New York Attorney General and "Favored Lawyers and Law Firms" @
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6BlK73p4Ueo>

and finally latest blog
<http://iviewit.tv/wordpress/?p=594>

Eliot Part 1 - The Iviewit Inventions @
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LOn4hwemqW0>

Iviewit Inventor Eliot Bernstein Guest on Les Winston DisBar the Florida Bar Show #1
<http://youtu.be/i1Ao1BYvyoQ>

Iviewit Inventor Eliot Bernstein Guest on Les Winston DisBar the Florida Bar Show #2
<http://youtu.be/OaXys6bImFI>

Iviewit Inventor Eliot Bernstein Guest on Les Winston DisBar the Florida Bar Show #3
<http://youtu.be/9R1PNnJVVGU>

Iviewit Inventor Eliot Bernstein Guest on Les Winston DisBar the Florida Bar Show #4

<http://youtu.be/rUHCZFkro08>

Eliot Bernstein Ivivewit Inventor Television Interview Dick Woelfle Network 125

<http://youtu.be/WEgSXJFqrhQ>

Eliot for President in 2012 Campaign Speech 1 with No Top Teeth, Don't Laugh, Very Important

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DulHQDcwQfM>

Eliot for President in 2012 Campaign Speech 2 with No Top OR Bottom Teeth, Don't Laugh, Very Important

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jbOP3U1q6mM>

Eliot for President in 2012 Campaign Speech 3 Very Important

https://www.facebook.com/ivivewit?ref=tn_tnmn#!/note.php?note_id=319280841435989

Other Websites I like:

<http://www.deniedpatent.com>

<http://exposecorruptcourts.blogspot.com>

<http://www.judgewatch.org/index.html>

<http://www.enddiscriminationnow.com>

<http://www.corruptcourts.org>

<http://www.makeourofficialsaccountable.com>

<http://www.parentadvocates.org>

<http://www.newyorkcourtcorruption.blogspot.com>

<http://cuomotarp.blogspot.com>

<http://www.disbarthefloridabar.com>

<http://www.trusteeffraud.com/trusteeffraud-blog>

<http://www.constitutionalguardian.com>

<http://www.americans4legalreform.com>

<http://www.judicialaccountability.org>

www.electpollack.us

<http://www.ruthmpollackesq.com>

<http://www.attorneysabovethelaw.com>

<http://heavensclimb.blogspot.com>

<http://www.VoteForGreg.us> Greg Fischer

<http://www.liberty-candidates.org/greg-fischer/>

<http://www.facebook.com/pages/Vote-For-Greg/111952178833067>

<http://www.killallthelawyers.ws/law> (The Shakespearean Solution, The Butcher)

--

"We the people are the rightful master of both congress and the courts - not to overthrow the Constitution, but to overthrow the men who pervert the Constitution." - Abraham Lincoln

"Whensoever the General Government assumes undelegated powers, its acts are unauthoritative, void, and of no force." -- Thomas Jefferson, The Kentucky Resolutions of 1798

"If a law is unjust, a man is not only right to disobey it, he is obligated to do so." Thomas Jefferson

"Each time a person stands up for an ideal, or acts to improve the lot of others, or strikes out against injustice, he sends forth a tiny ripple of hope, and crossing each other from a million different centers of energy and daring, these ripples build a current that can sweep down the mightiest walls of oppression and resistance." - Robert F. Kennedy

"Is life so dear or peace so sweet as to be purchased at the price of chains and slavery? Forbid it, Almighty God! I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty, or give me death!" - Patrick Henry

I live by the saying,

ELLEN G. WHITE

The greatest want of the world is the want of men, --men who will not be bought or sold; men who in their inmost souls are true and honest, men who do not fear to call sin by its right name; men whose conscience is as true to duty as the needle to the pole, men who will stand for the right though the heavens fall. -Education, p. 57(1903)

If you are one of these people, nice to be your friend ~ Eliot



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From: Steven A. Lessne [mailto:Steven.Lessne@gray-robinson.com]
Sent: Monday, August 25, 2014 10:05 AM
To: Eliot Ivan Bernstein
Cc: tourcandy@gmail.com; 'Eliot Bernstein'
Subject: RE: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Mr. Bernstein:

I am writing to you and your wife, in your capacity as your children's parents, and in my capacity as counsel for the trustee (now resigned) of your children's trusts. On at least three prior occasions (once by letter and twice by e-mail), I asked if you had a preference as to who should control your children's trusts or their assets upon my client's resignation. If the Court agrees that a successor is needed, we would like to advise the Court of your preference, or advise the Court that you have no preference. To date, you have not responded. I ask again that you do so.

In response to your latest e-mail, I again advise you that I will communicate with you only in your capacity as your children's parents, and only in my capacity as counsel for the trustee (now resigned) of your children's trusts. Any questions posed by you in any other capacity, or to me in any other capacity, will not see a response. Thank you for your understanding.

From: Eliot Ivan Bernstein [<mailto:iviewit@gmail.com>]

Sent: Monday, August 25, 2014 7:07 AM

To: Steven A. Lessne; Janet Craig, CTFA ~ Senior Vice President & Compliance Officer @ Oppenheimer Trust Company ; Hunt Worth ~ President @ Oppenheimer Trust Company

Cc: Caroline Prochotska Rogers Esq.; Michele M. Mulrooney ~ Partner @ Venable LLP; Andrew R. Dietz @ Rock It Cargo USA; Marc R. Garber Esq. @ Flaster Greenberg P.C.; Marc R. Garber Esq.; Marc R. Garber Esq. @ Flaster Greenberg P.C.; tourcandy@gmail.com; 'Eliot Bernstein'

Subject: FW: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Steven, will you be waiving service for you, Janet and Oppenheimer as Defendants in the Counter Complaint I have served upon you with Waiver or will I have to send a Marshal over and notify the Court of your refusal? Please let me know ASAP. Eliot

From: Eliot Ivan Bernstein [<mailto:iviewit@iviewit.tv>]

Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 6:44 PM

To: 'Steven A. Lessne'

Cc: Caroline Prochotska Rogers Esq. (caroline@cprogers.com); Michele M. Mulrooney ~ Partner @ Venable LLP (mmulrooney@Venable.com); Andrew R. Dietz @ Rock It Cargo USA; Marc R. Garber Esq. @ Flaster Greenberg P.C. (marcgarber@verizon.net); Marc R. Garber Esq. (marcgarber@gmail.com); Marc R. Garber Esq. @ Flaster Greenberg P.C. (marc.garber@flastergreenberg.com); "tourcandy@gmail.com" (tourcandy@gmail.com); 'Eliot Bernstein' (iviewit@iviewit.tv)

Subject: RE: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Yes, I see that you are representing parties in the matter but you are also aware that you are a named defendant, personally and professionally, regarding my complaints against you in those capacities and I ask if you have separate and distinct counsel for each capacity or if you will be representing yourself Pro Se, while also acting as counsel to other parties? Thanks.

From: Steven A. Lessne [<mailto:Steven.Lessne@gray-robinson.com>]

Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 6:07 PM

To: Eliot Ivan Bernstein

Cc: tourcandy@gmail.com

Subject: Re: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Thank you for your consent. My appearance as counsel is as stated of record in these proceedings

Sent from my iPhone.

On Aug 20, 2014, at 4:56 PM, "Eliot Ivan Bernstein" <iviewit@iviewit.tv> wrote:

Sure and will you be representing yourself as a Defendant forward or do you have counsel I may deal with at this time? Eliot

From: Steven A. Lessne [<mailto:Steven.Lessne@gray-robinson.com>]

Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 4:44 PM

To: Eliot Ivan Bernstein (iviewit@iviewit.tv); tourcandy@gmail.com

Subject: FW: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Mr. and Mrs. Bernstein:

Please advise whether you consent to the extension of time sought by the Petitioner. Thank you.

From: noreply@myflcourtagency.com [<mailto:noreply@myflcourtagency.com>]
Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 4:02 PM
Subject: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Dear Steven Lessne:

This email verifies the processing of your Filing # **17305916** with the Palm Beach County, Florida Probate Division.

Status: **Accepted**
Filing Date/Time: 08/20/2014 12:40:30 PM
UCN: 502014CP002815XXXXSB
Clerk Case #: 2014CP002815
Case Style: IN RE: Estate of Not Available
Matter #:
Total Filing Fees: \$0.00
Statutory Convenience Fee: \$0.00
Total Paid: \$0.00
Paid By: No payment required
MyFloridaCounty Receipt #:

Documents

#	Document Type	Status	Filing Date	Rejection Reason
1	Motions Motion For Extension Of Time	Accepted	08/20/2014	

Fees

Memo:

This is a non-monitored email. Do not reply directly to it. If you have any questions about this filing, please contact the Palm Beach County, Florida Probate Division.

Thank you.

Many counties no longer require paper follow-up. To see a complete list, click on [this link](#).

Steven A. Lessne

Shareholder

GrayRobinson, P.A.

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1000

P.O. Box 2328 (33303-9998)

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Main: 954-761-8111 | Fax: 954-761-8112

Email: steven.lessne@gray-robinson.com

GRAY | ROBINSON

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Please be advised that this law firm may be acting as a debt collector and is attempting to collect a debt and any information provided will be used for that purpose.

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P.O. Box 2328 (33303-9998)

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Main: 954-761-8111 | Fax: 954-761-8112

Email: steven.lessne@gray-robinson.com

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Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
Main: 954-761-8111 | Fax: 954-761-8112
Email: steven.lessne@gray-robinson.com

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Lori E. Politis, FRP

From: Eliot Ivan Bernstein <iviewit@iviewit.tv>
Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 9:48 PM
To: Steven A. Lessne
Cc: Caroline Prochotska Rogers Esq.; Michele M. Mulrooney ~ Partner @ Venable LLP;
Andrew R. Dietz @ Rock It Cargo USA; Marc R. Garber Esq. @ Flaster Greenberg P.C.;
Marc R. Garber Esq.; Marc R. Garber Esq. @ Flaster Greenberg P.C.;
tourcandy@gmail.com; 'Eliot Bernstein'
Subject: FW: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Are you accepting the Waiver of Service on the Lawsuit that I sent to you, please advise so that I may notify the Court or send the Marshal? Also, have you notified your insurance carrier of the fact that you are named in the Counter Complaint as a Defendant yet, I believe most policies require reporting of even the threat of litigation let alone once you have been served process or waiver of process and I cannot believe they would allow you to continue without proper representation for yourself. Thanks ~ Eliot

From: Steven A. Lessne [mailto:Steven.Lessne@gray-robinson.com]
Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 7:03 PM
To: Eliot Ivan Bernstein
Cc: tourcandy@gmail.com
Subject: Re: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

I am communicating with you in my capacity as counsel for the petitioner, and in no other capacity. If you believe that I have (or anyone else has) a duty to communicate with you on my personal behalf, you may take that issue up with the court. I will not be responding by email to any other communications regarding the matter.

Sent from my iPhone.

On Aug 20, 2014, at 6:43 PM, "Eliot Ivan Bernstein" <iviewit@iviewit.tv> wrote:

Yes, I see that you are representing parties in the matter but you are also aware that you are a named defendant, personally and professionally, regarding my complaints against you in those capacities and I ask if you have separate and distinct counsel for each capacity or if you will be representing yourself Pro Se, while also acting as counsel to other parties? Thanks.

From: Steven A. Lessne [mailto:Steven.Lessne@gray-robinson.com]
Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 6:07 PM
To: Eliot Ivan Bernstein
Cc: tourcandy@gmail.com
Subject: Re: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Thank you for your consent. My appearance as counsel is as stated of record in these proceedings

Sent from my iPhone.

On Aug 20, 2014, at 4:56 PM, "Eliot Ivan Bernstein" <iviewit@iviewit.tv> wrote:

Sure and will you be representing yourself as a Defendant forward or do you have counsel I may deal with at this time? Eliot

From: Steven A. Lessne [<mailto:Steven.Lessne@gray-robinson.com>]
Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 4:44 PM
To: Eliot Ivan Bernstein (iviewit@iviewit.tv); tourcandy@gmail.com
Subject: FW: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Mr. and Mrs. Bernstein:

Please advise whether you consent to the extension of time sought by the Petitioner. Thank you.

From: noreply@myflcourtaaccess.com [<mailto:noreply@myflcourtaaccess.com>]
Sent: Wednesday, August 20, 2014 4:02 PM
Subject: Processing Completed for Filing # 17305916

Dear Steven Lessne:

This email verifies the processing of your Filing # **17305916** with the Palm Beach County, Florida Probate Division.

Status: **Accepted**

Filing Date/Time: 08/20/2014 12:40:30 PM

UCN: 502014CP002815XXXXSB

Clerk Case #: 2014CP002815

Case Style: IN RE: Estate of Not Available

Matter #:

Total Filing Fees: \$0.00

Statutory Convenience Fee: \$0.00

Total Paid: \$0.00

Paid By: No payment required

MyFloridaCounty Receipt #:

Documents

#	Document Type	Status	Filing Date	Rejection Reason
1	Motions Motion For Extension Of Time	Accepted	08/20/2014	

Fees

Memo:

This is a non-monitored email. Do not reply directly to it. If you have any questions about this filing, please contact the Palm Beach County, Florida Probate Division.

Thank you.

Many counties no longer require paper follow-up. To see a complete list, click on [this link](#).

Steven A. Lessne

Shareholder

GrayRobinson, P.A.

401 East Las Olas Blvd., Suite 1000

P.O. Box 2328 (33303-9998)

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Main: 954-761-8111 | Fax: 954-761-8112

Email: steven.lessne@gray-robinson.com

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EXHIBIT K

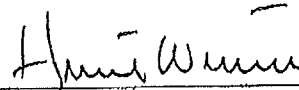
AFFIDAVIT OF HUNT WORTH IN SUPPORT OF OPPENHEIMER TRUST
COMPANY OF DELAWARE'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AS TO
COUNT I OF ITS PETITION

STATE OF Delaware :
 :
COUNTY OF New Castle :

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Hunt Worth, who, after being duly sworn by me under oath, deposes and says:


1. I am the President of Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware, formerly known as Oppenheimer Trust Company.
2. I am over the age of eighteen (18). All statements contained herein are based upon my personal knowledge.
3. The three documents attached hereto, entitled "Acceptance by Successor Trustee," are true copies of the documents I executed on July 30, 2010 pursuant to the *Final Orders on Petition to Appoint Successor Trustee* entered on July 8, 2010 by the Palm Beach County Circuit Court in Case Nos. 502010CP003123XXXXSB, 502010CP003125XXXXSB and 502010CP003128XXXXSB.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.



Hunt Worth

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 21 day of August, 2014, by Hunt Worth, who is [] personally known to me, or [] who produced _____ as identification.



NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF DELAWARE

My Commission Expires: 11-25-15

SHARON OPIE LUNA
NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF DELAWARE
My Commission Expires November 25, 2015

ACCEPTANCE BY SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE

THE UNDERSIGNED, pursuant to the FINAL ORDER ON PETITION TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE dated July 8, 2010, by the Circuit Court for Palm Beach County, South Palm Beach County Division, in the matter of the JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST DATED SEPTEMBER 7, 2006, Case No. 502010CP003128XXXXSB, does hereby accept its appointment as Successor Trustee of the JOSHUA Z. BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, dated September 7, 2006, and hereby agrees to administer said Trust in accordance with the terms contained therein, effective immediately.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, THE UNDERSIGNED has executed this Acceptance by Successor Trustee on this 30th day of JULY, 2010.

Witnesses:

OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY

[Signature]

Print Name: _____

Print Name: _____

By: [Signature]
Its: CHIEF TRUST OFFICER
S.U.P.

STATE OF FLORIDA
SS
COUNTY OF PALM BEACH

THE FOREGOING was acknowledged before me this 30 day of July, 2010, by Judy as S.U.P. of OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY.
[Signature]
Signature - Notary Public

Print, type or stamp name of Notary Public

- Personally Known
- Produced Identification/Type of Identification Produced

NAWPDATA\Wierstela, Shirley & Simon\Grandchildren's Trusts Successor Trustee Appointment\Acceptance

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
NOTARIAL SEAL
Trustee WILLIAM D. DWYER, Notary Public
City of Philadelphia, Phila. County
My Commission Expires August 10, 2013

ACCEPTANCE BY SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE

THE UNDERSIGNED, pursuant to the FINAL ORDER ON PETITION TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE dated July 8, 2010, by the Circuit Court for Palm Beach County, South Palm Beach County Division, in the matter of the JAKE BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST DATED SEPTEMBER 7, 2006, Case No. 502010CP003125XXXXSB, does hereby accept its appointment as Successor Trustee of the JAKE BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, dated September 7, 2006, and hereby agrees to administer said Trust in accordance with the terms contained therein, effective immediately.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, THE UNDERSIGNED has executed this Acceptance by Successor Trustee on this 30 day of July, 2010.

Witnesses:

OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY

[Signature]
Print Name: _____

By: Hunt Worth

Print Name: _____

Its: CHIEF TRUST OFFICER
S.V.P.

STATE OF FLORIDA

SS

COUNTY OF PALM BEACH

THE FOREGOING was acknowledged before me this 30 day of July, 2010, by Judy as S.V.P. of OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY,
HUNT WORTH

[Signature]
Signature - Notary Public

Print, type or stamp name of Notary Public

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

NOTARIAL SEAL

WILLIAM J. DWYER, Notary Public
City of Philadelphia, Phila. County

My Comm. Expires August 10, 2012

Personally Known

Produced Identification/Type of Identification Produced

ACCEPTANCE BY SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE

THE UNDERSIGNED, pursuant to the FINAL ORDER ON PETITION TO APPOINT SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE dated July 8, 2010, by the Circuit Court for Palm Beach County, South Palm Beach County Division, in the matter of the DANIEL BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST DATED SEPTEMBER 7, 2006, Case No. 502010CP003123XXXXSB, does hereby accept its appointment as Successor Trustee of the DANIEL BERNSTEIN IRREVOCABLE TRUST, dated September 7, 2006, and hereby agrees to administer said Trust in accordance with the terms contained therein, effective immediately.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, THE UNDERSIGNED has executed this Acceptance by Successor Trustee on this 30th day of July, 2010.

Witnesses:

OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY

[Signature]

Print Name:

By: [Signature]

Its: CHIEF TRUST OFFICER

S.U.P.

Print Name:

STATE OF FLORIDA

SS

COUNTY OF PALM BEACH

THE FOREGOING was acknowledged before me this 30th day of July, 2010, by HUNT WOOD as S.U.P. of OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY.

[Signature]

Signature - Notary Public

Print, type or stamp name of Notary Public

- Personally Known
- Produced Identification/Type of Identification Produced

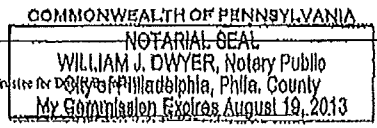


EXHIBIT L

Delaware

PAGE 1

The First State

I, JEFFREY W. BULLOCK, SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THE ATTACHED IS A TRUE AND CORRECT COPY OF THE CERTIFICATE OF MERGER, WHICH MERGES:

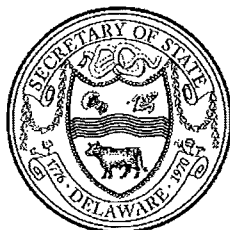
"OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY", A NEW JERSEY CORPORATION, WITH AND INTO "OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY OF DELAWARE" UNDER THE NAME OF "OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY OF DELAWARE", A CORPORATION ORGANIZED AND EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, AS RECEIVED AND FILED IN THIS OFFICE THE NINETEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A.D. 2013, AT 3:02 O'CLOCK P.M.

AND I DO HEREBY FURTHER CERTIFY THAT THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE AFORESAID CERTIFICATE OF MERGER IS THE TWENTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, A.D. 2013, AT 11:59 O'CLOCK P.M.


A FILED COPY OF THIS CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN FORWARDED TO THE NEW CASTLE COUNTY RECORDER OF DEEDS.

5410598 8100M

131452674



You may verify this certificate online
at corp.delaware.gov/authver.shtml


Jeffrey W. Bullock, Secretary of State
AUTHENTICATION: 1006546

DATE: 12-23-13

CERTIFICATE OF MERGER

MERGING

OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY

INTO

OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY OF DELAWARE

(pursuant to Section 751 of Title 5 and
Section 252 of Title 8 of the Delaware Code)

The undersigned, a Delaware limited purpose trust company formed as a Delaware corporation, does hereby CERTIFY that:

FIRST: The constituent entities in the merger are:

1. Oppenheimer Trust Company, a New Jersey limited purpose trust company organized as a New Jersey banking corporation
2. Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware, a Delaware limited purpose trust company organized as a Delaware corporation

SECOND: An Agreement and Plan of Merger between the parties to the merger has been approved, adopted, certified, executed and acknowledged by each of the constituent entities in accordance with the requirements of Section 252 of the Delaware General Corporation Law and the applicable requirement of New Jersey law.

THIRD: Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware shall be the surviving entity.

FOURTH: Upon the completion of the merger, the Articles of Association of Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware shall constitute the Articles of Association of the surviving entity.

FIFTH: This Certificate of Merger shall be effective at 11:59 p.m. (Eastern Time) on December 20, 2013.

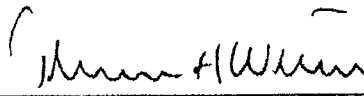
SIXTH: The executed Agreement and Plan of Merger is on file at an office of the surviving entity, the address of which is 405 Silverside Road, 2nd Floor, Wilmington, Delaware, 19809.

SEVENTH: A copy of the Agreement and Plan of Merger will be furnished by the surviving entity, on request and without cost, to any stockholder of, or any other person holding an interest in, any of the constituent entities in the merger.

EIGHTH: The authorized capital stock of Oppenheimer Trust Company is 1,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$2.00 per share.

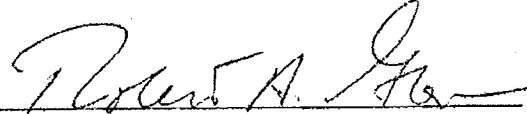
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware has caused this Certificate of Merger to be executed by its duly authorized officer as of October 9, 2013.

OPPENHEIMER TRUST COMPANY OF DELAWARE

By: 
Name: THEKON A. WORTH
Title: PRESIDENT

7341234.2

The foregoing Certificate of Merger merging Oppenheimer Trust Company with and into Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware is hereby approved.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Robert A. Glen", written over a horizontal line.

Robert A. Glen
Delaware State Bank Commissioner

EXHIBIT M

561-886-4122

STEVEN.LESSNE@GRAY-ROBINSON.COM

April 22, 2014

VIA E-MAIL, FEDERAL EXPRESS AND CERTIFIED MAIL

Eliot and Candice Bernstein
as the natural guardians of Joshua, Jacob and Daniel Bernstein
2753 N.W. 34th St.
Boca Raton, FL 33434-3459

Re: Resignation as Trustee of Trusts for the benefit of Joshua, Jacob and Daniel
Bernstein; Offer to Resign as Manager of Bernstein Family Realty, LLC

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Bernstein:

I represent, and am writing to you on behalf of, Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware ("Oppenheimer"), in its capacity as Trustee of the three trusts created by Simon Bernstein for the benefit of your minor children, Joshua, Jacob and Daniel Bernstein (the "Trusts"). This letter is directed to you, as the parents and natural guardians of Joshua, Jacob and Daniel Bernstein (the "Beneficiaries"), and will constitute due notice to the Beneficiaries under the Trusts and Florida law.

Oppenheimer hereby notifies you that it will resign as Trustee of the Trusts effective May 26, 2014 (the "Effective Date"). You, as the natural guardians of the Beneficiaries, have the right and obligation to appoint a successor corporate trustee. If you do not provide Oppenheimer, through me, with a written document evidencing that a successor corporate trustee has been appointed and has accepted the appointment before the Effective Date, Oppenheimer will petition the Court to either appoint a successor trustee or terminate the Trusts and distribute their assets to you, as natural guardians of the Beneficiaries.

For your information, the Trusts provide, in relevant part, as follows:

Eliot and Candice Bernstein
April 22, 2014
Page 2

5.2 Resignation. Any Trustee may resign by giving 30 days' written notice delivered personally or by mail to any then serving Co-Trustee and to the Settlor if he is then living and not disabled; otherwise to the next named successor Trustee, or if none, to the persons having power to appoint successor Trustees.

5.3 Power to Name Other Trustees. Whenever a successor Trustee is required and that position is not filled under the terms specified in this Trust Agreement, an individual Trustee ceasing to serve (other than a Trustee being removed) may appoint his or her successor, but if none is appointed, the remaining Trustees, if any, or the beneficiary shall appoint a successor Corporate Trustee. The appointment will be by a written document (including a testamentary instrument) delivered to the appointed Trustee. In no event may the Settlor ever be appointed as the Trustee under this Trust Agreement nor shall a Successor trustee be appointed that will cause this trust to be a grantor trust.

Similarly, Fla. Stat. § 736.0705, entitled "Resignation of trustee," provides, in relevant part, as follows:

(1) A trustee may resign:

(a) Upon at least 30 days' notice to the qualified beneficiaries, the settlor, if living, and all cotrustees...

Finally, Fla. Stat. § 736.0704, entitled "Vacancy in trusteeship; appointment of successor," provides, in relevant part, as follows:

(3) A vacancy in a trusteeship of a noncharitable trust that is required to be filled must be filled in the following order of priority:

(a) By a person named or designated pursuant to the terms of the trust to act as successor trustee.

(b) By a person appointed by unanimous agreement of the qualified beneficiaries.

(c) By a person appointed by the court.

Please let me know of your intentions with regard to the appointment of a successor trustee before the Effective Date.

Eliot and Candice Bernstein
April 22, 2014
Page 3

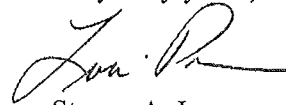
I am also writing to you on behalf of Oppenheimer, in its capacity as the Manager of Bernstein Family Realty, LLC (the "Company"). As you know, the Trusts are the sole owners and members of the Company, and the Company owns the house occupied by you and the Beneficiaries. Oppenheimer understands that the house is encumbered by two mortgages which probably exceed the value of the house. A third party, William Stansbury, claims that he is entitled to an equitable lien on the house, and he has sued the Company to establish such a lien. At Oppenheimer's direction, the Company is defending the lawsuit in order to avoid the claimed third lien on the house.

You have expressed unhappiness with Oppenheimer's management of the Company. In light of Oppenheimer's decision to resign as Trustee, Oppenheimer would like to offer you the opportunity to assume management of the Company, or appoint another successor manager, so that you or your chosen manager can defend the Stansbury lawsuit, operate the Company and deal with third parties on behalf of the Company as you deem to be in the best interest of the Company's members and, ultimately, your children. If you would like Oppenheimer to resign as Manager, please notify me in writing, before the Effective Date, of your selection of an appropriate successor manager and the successor's agreement to serve. Upon receipt of your selection, Oppenheimer will resign as Manager and, on behalf of the member Trusts, appoint your chosen successor.

Please note that, if you do not request Oppenheimer's earlier resignation and designate a successor manager, it is Oppenheimer's intent to resign as Manager of the Company after a successor trustee is appointed or the Trusts are terminated. At that point, it will be up to the successor trustee or you, as natural guardians of the Beneficiaries, to appoint a new manager.

If you have any questions regarding the foregoing, please contact me or have your attorney do so.

Very truly yours,


Steven A. Lessne FOR

SAL/sl

cc: Oppenheimer Trust Company of Delaware (via e-mail and U.S. Mail)